

The Incredible Shrinking Genome

Utricularia gibba

Enrique Ibarra-Laclette², Eric Lyons¹, Gustavo Hernandez³, Anahi Perez-Torres², Lorenzo Carretero-Paulet⁴, Tien-Hao Chang⁴, Tianying Lan⁴, Andreanna Welch⁴, Maria Jazmin Abraham Juarez², June Simpson², Araceli Fernandez-Cortez², Mario Arteaga-Vazquez⁵, Elsa Gongora-Castillo⁶, Gustavo Acevedo-Hernandez⁷, Stephan C. Schuster⁸, Heinz Himmelbauer⁹, Andre E. Minoche⁹, Sen Xu¹⁰, Michael Lynch¹⁰, Araceli Oropeza-Aburto², Sergio Alan Cervantes-Perez², Maria de Jesus Ortega-Estrada², Jacob Israel Cervantes-Luevano², Todd P. Michael¹¹, Todd C. Mockler¹², Doug Bryant¹², Alfredo Herrera-Estrella², **Victor A. Albert⁴, Luis Herrera-Estrella²**

1 University of Arizona

2 CINVESTAV

3 Universidad de Guanajuato

4 University at Buffalo

5 Instituto de Biotecnologia y Ecología Aplicada

6 Michigan State University

7 Centro Universitario de la Ciénega

8 Pennsylvania State University

9 Center for Genomic Regulation, CRG

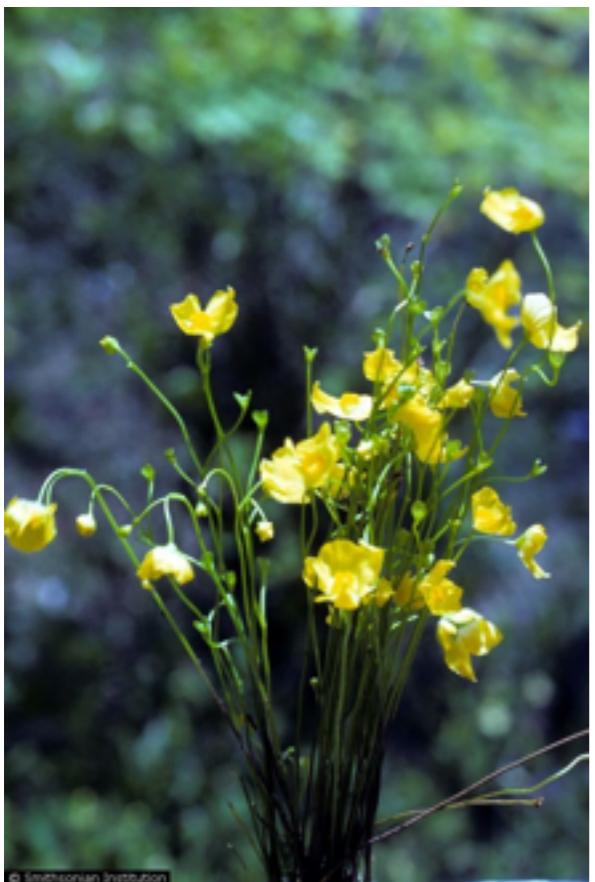
10 Indiana University

11 Rutgers University

12 Donald Danforth Plant Science Center

Who is *Utricularia gibba*?

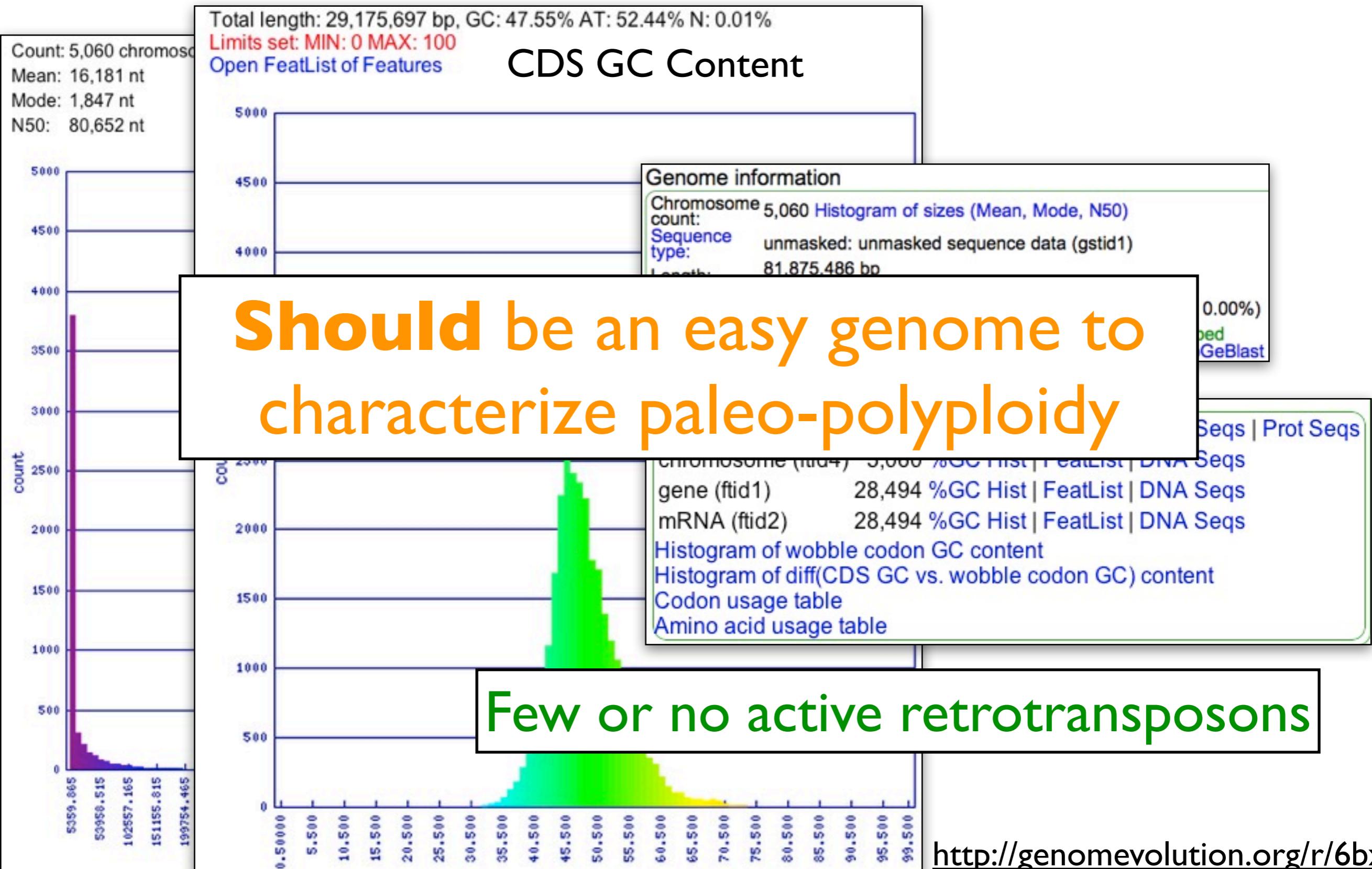
The humped bladderwort



source:
The Royal
Society

U. gibba: genome stats

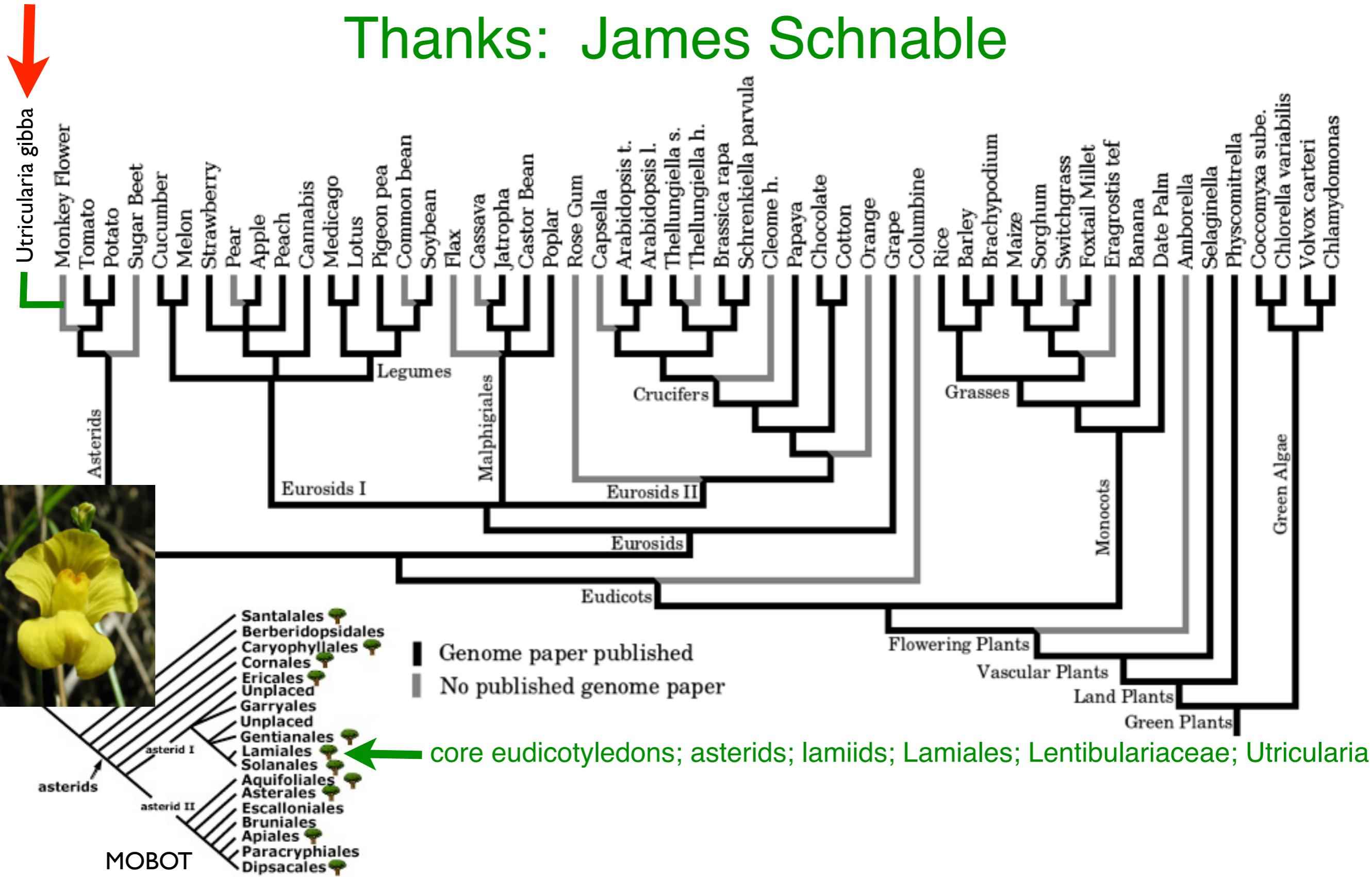
~82MB genome size



Sequenced Plant Genomes

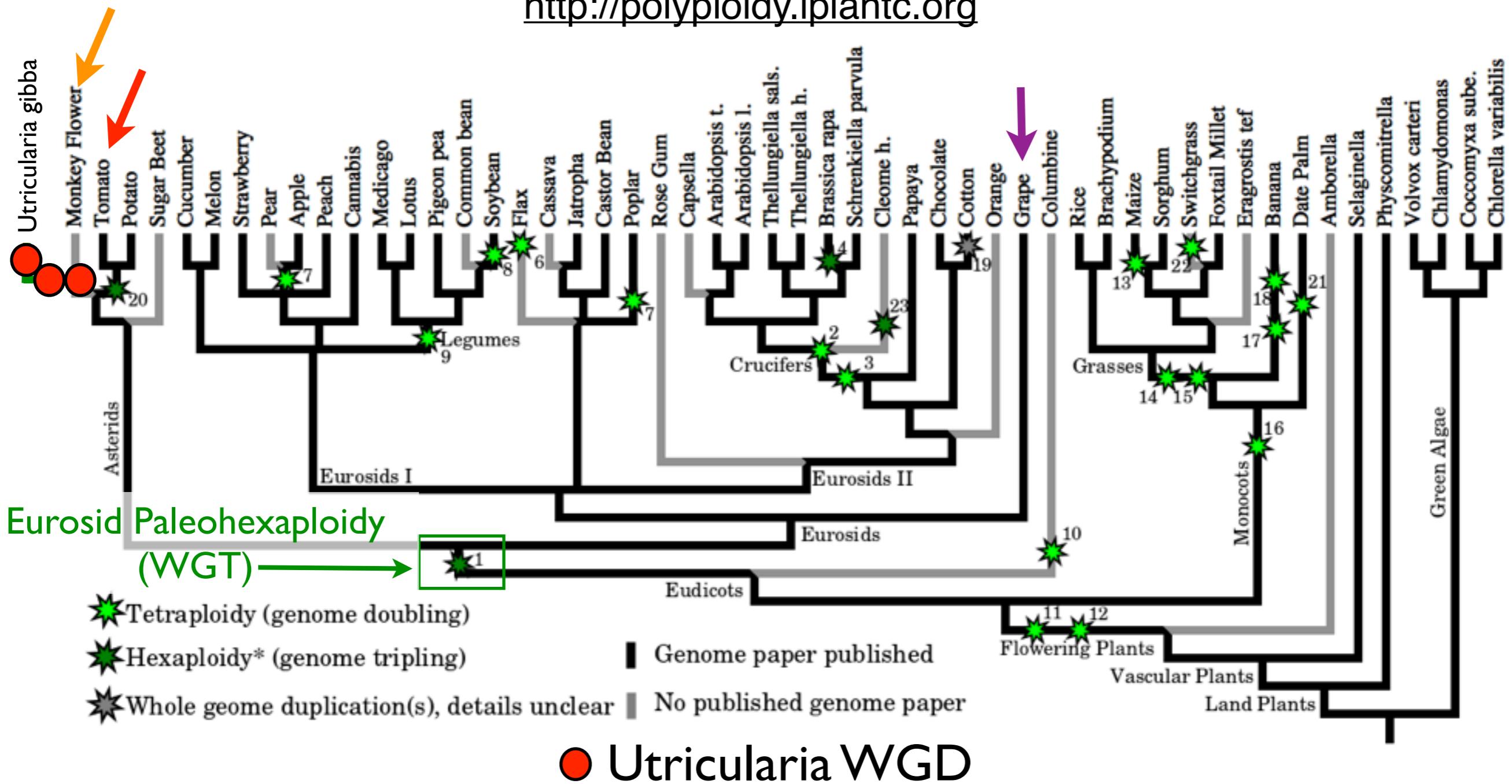
<http://genomevolution.org/r/3118>

Thanks: James Schnable



Characterizing paleo-polyploidy

<http://polyploidy.iplantc.org>



● Utricularia WGD

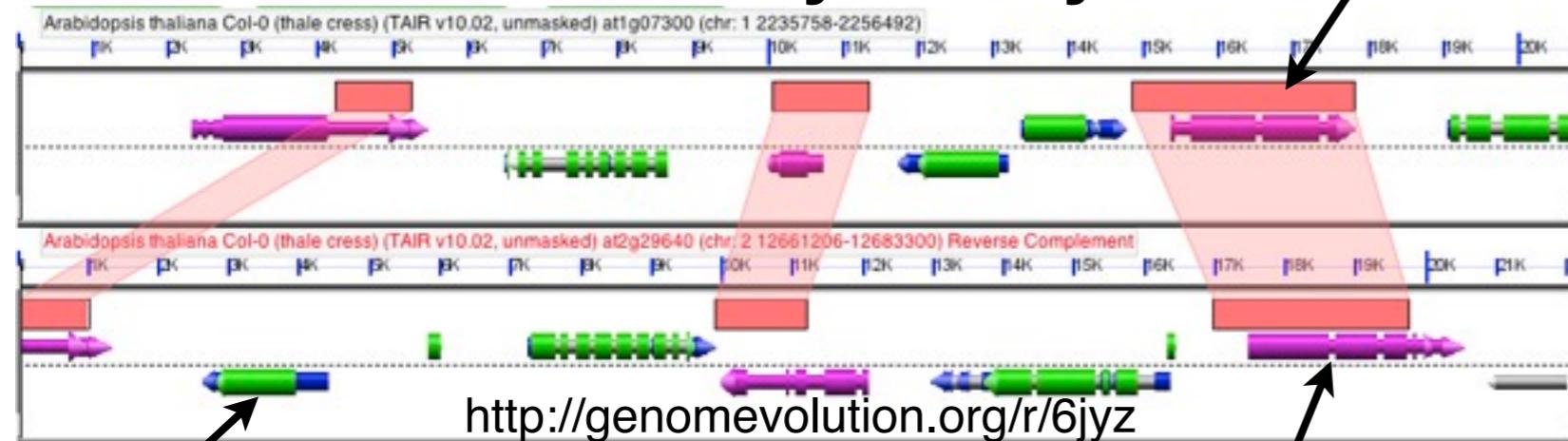
Mimulus is closest, but under-characterized

Tomato is well characterized, but has a WGT

Grape is the de facto eurosid outgroup comparator

Comparative Genomics

Microsynteny



Sequence
similarity

Sequence 1

Sequence 2

Syntenic dotplot

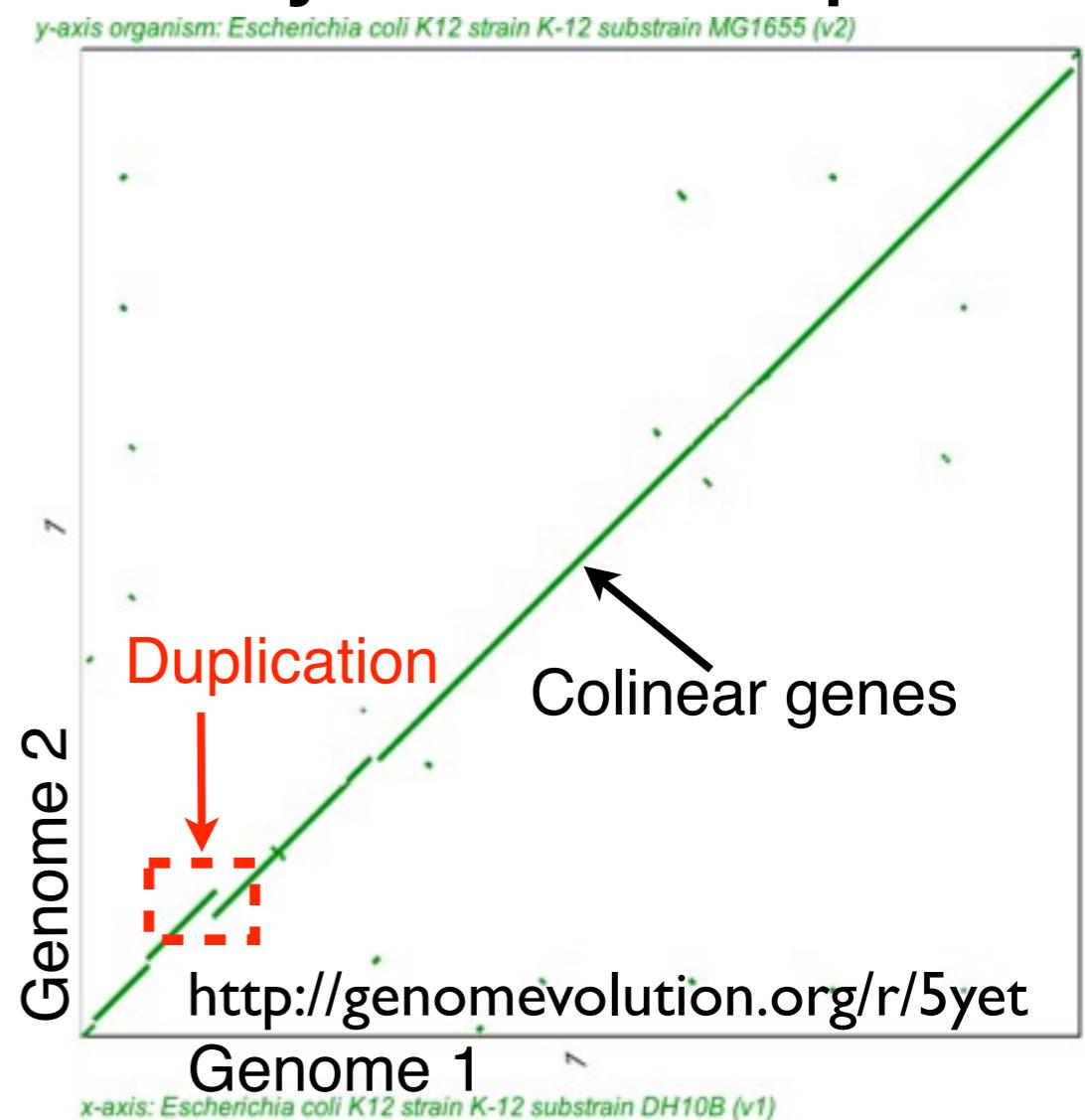
Gene model

CoGe link to
regenerate the analysis

Gene overlapped
by sequence similarity

Synteny: genomic regions
sharing a common ancestry

Synteny: inferred by a
colinear arrangement of
homologous genes



<http://genomevolution.org/r/5yet>

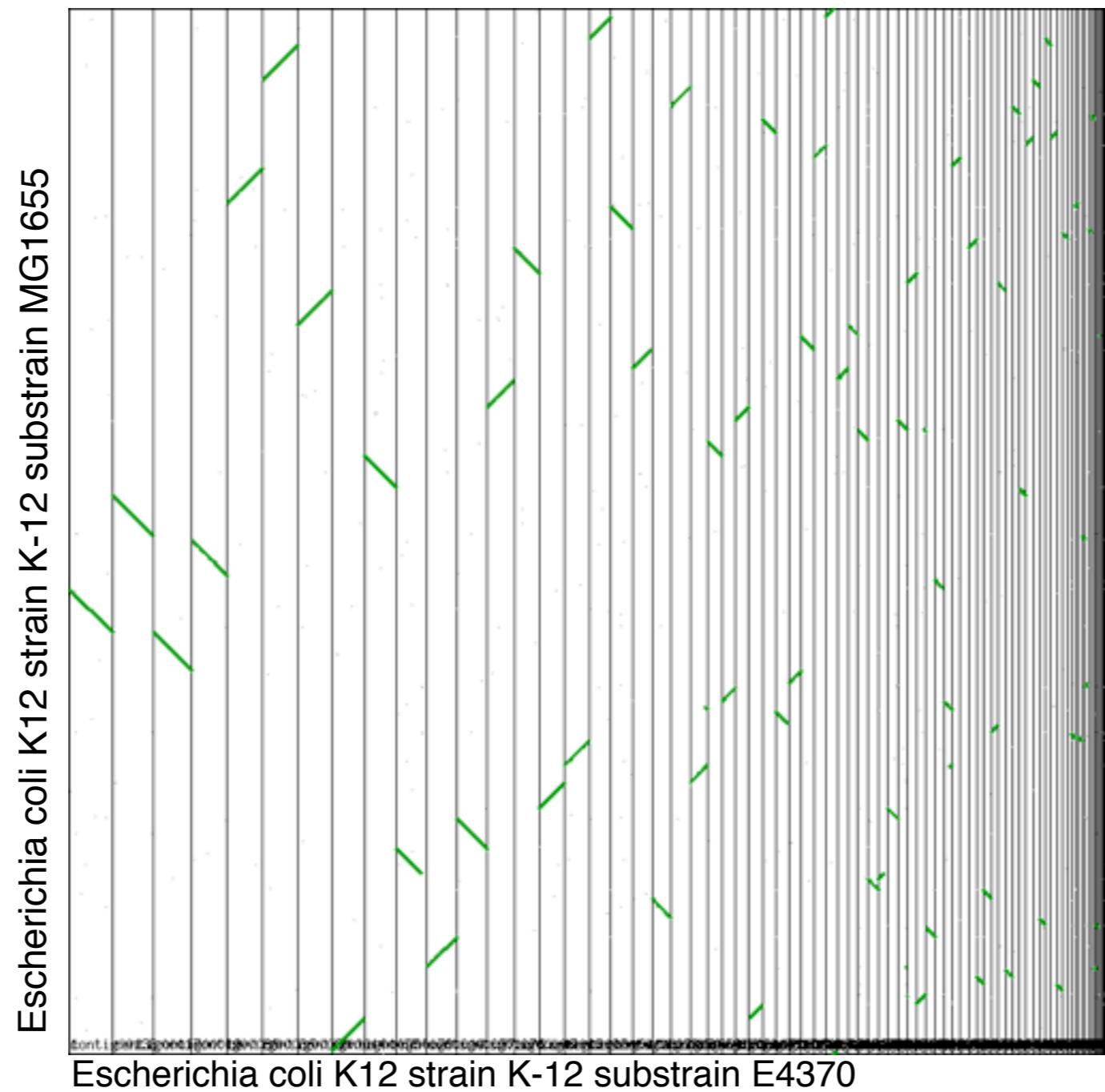
Syntenic Path Assembly

Making sense of NextGen Genome Assemblies

**Utricularia: NextGen Assembly
with ~5000 contigs**

Syntenic Path Assembly

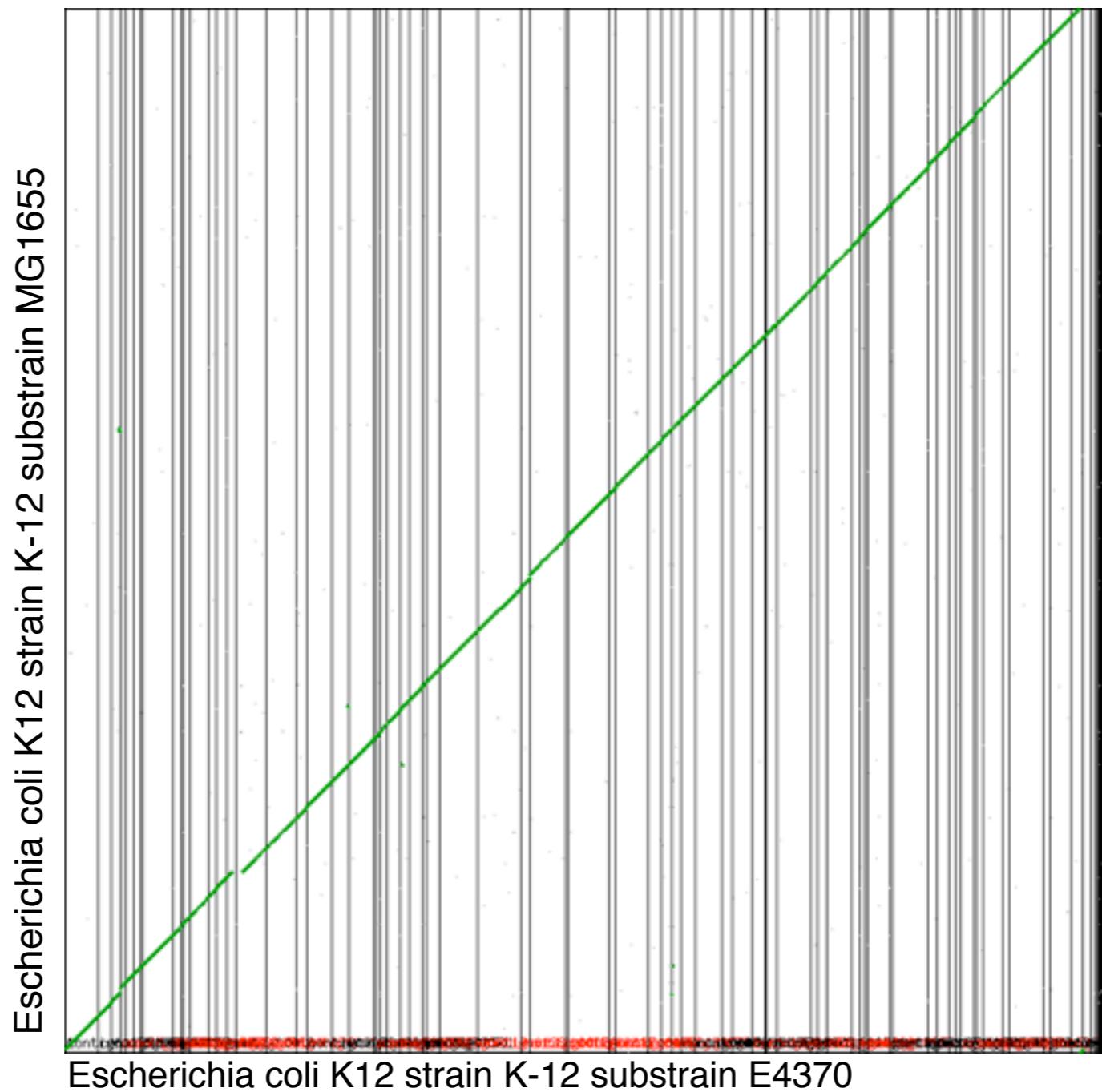
Making sense of NextGen Genome Assemblies



Syntenic Path Assembly

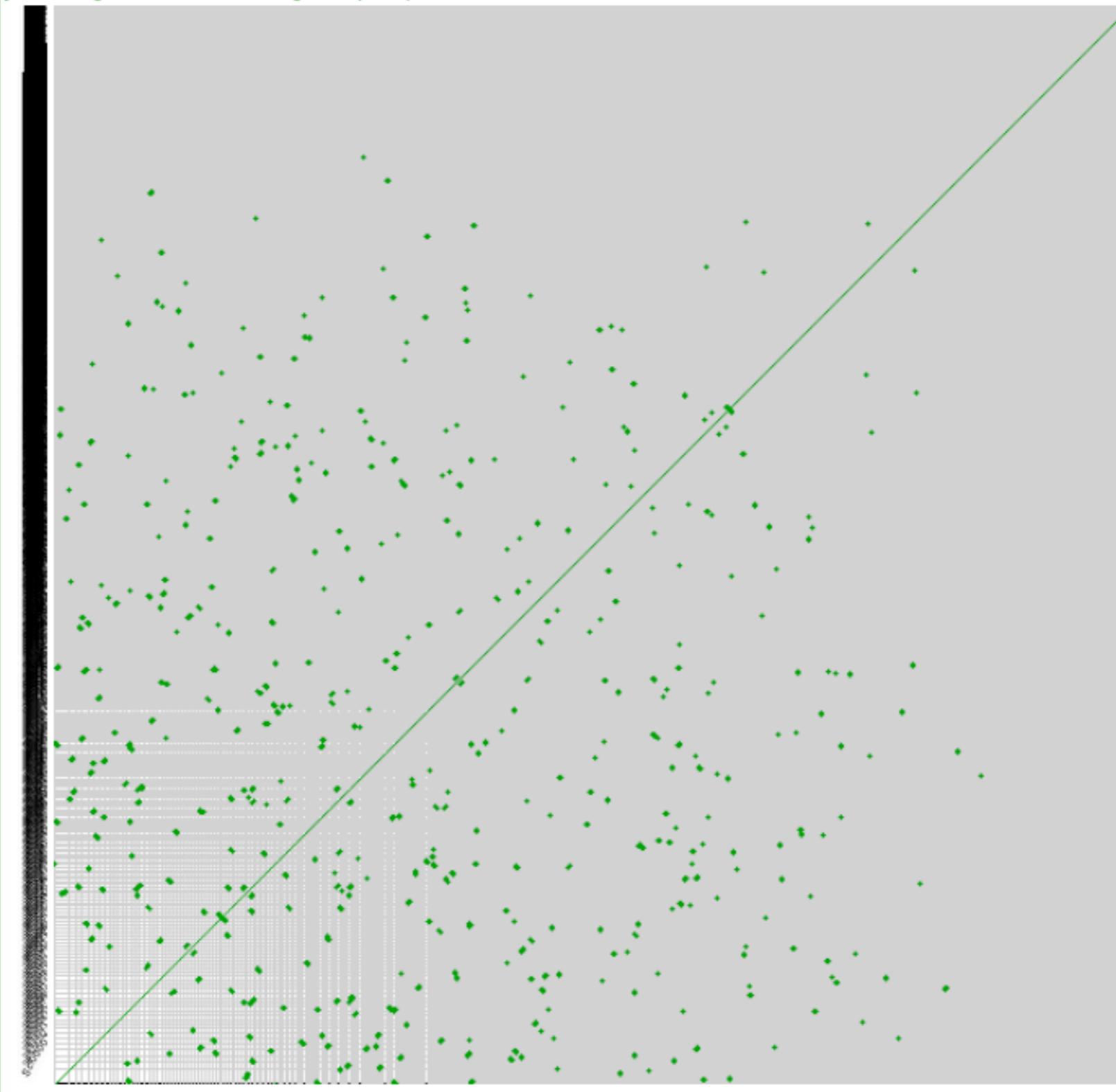
Using synteny to assemble to a reference genome

Assembled by Syntenic Path



Self-self Utricularia

y-axis organism: *Utricularia gibba* (v4.1)



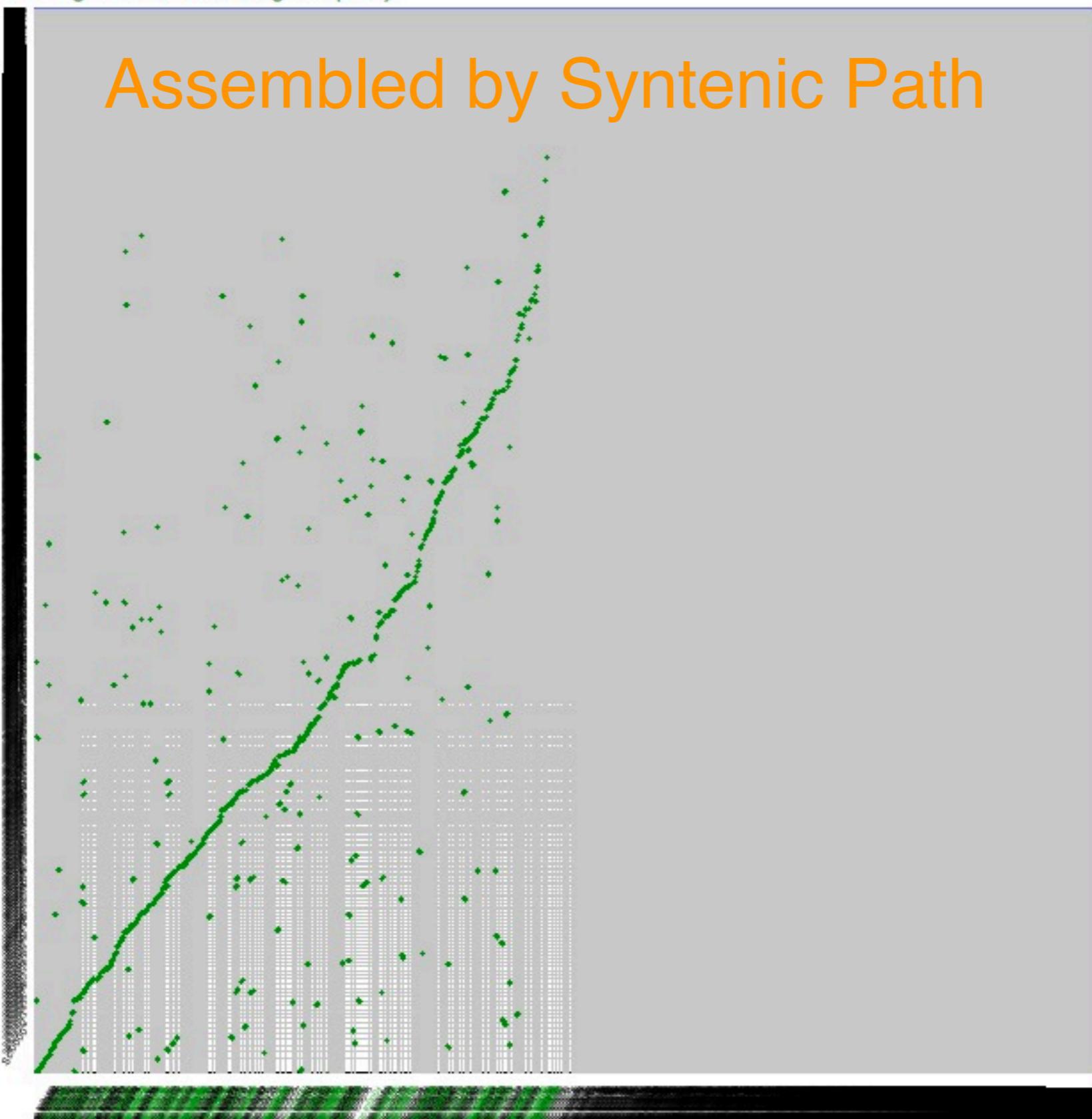
x-axis: *Utricularia gibba* (v4.1)

CoGe SynMap: <http://genomevolution.org/r/6lid>

Self-self Utricularia

y-axis organism: *Utricularia gibba* (v4.1)

Assembled by Syntenic Path



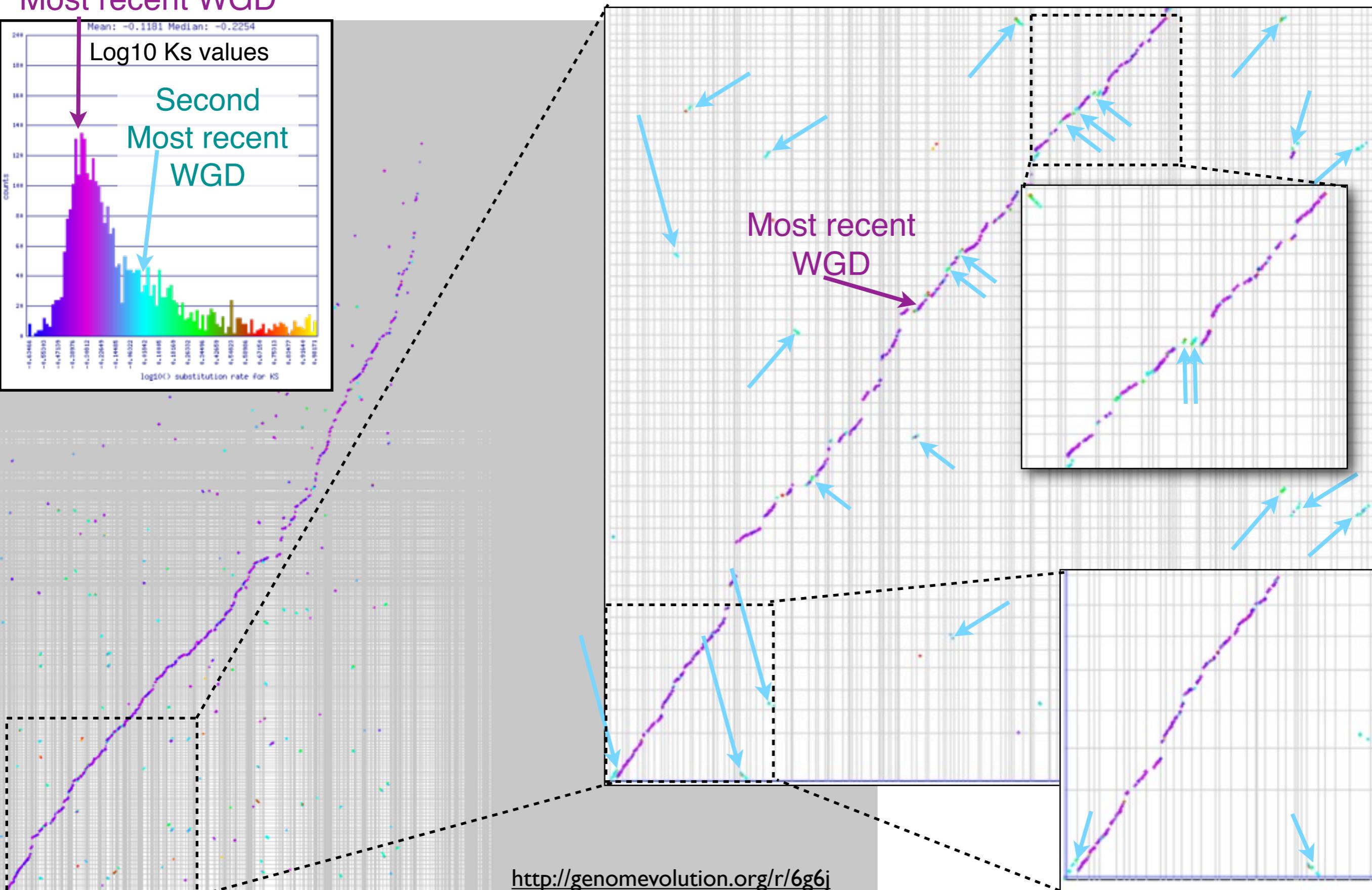
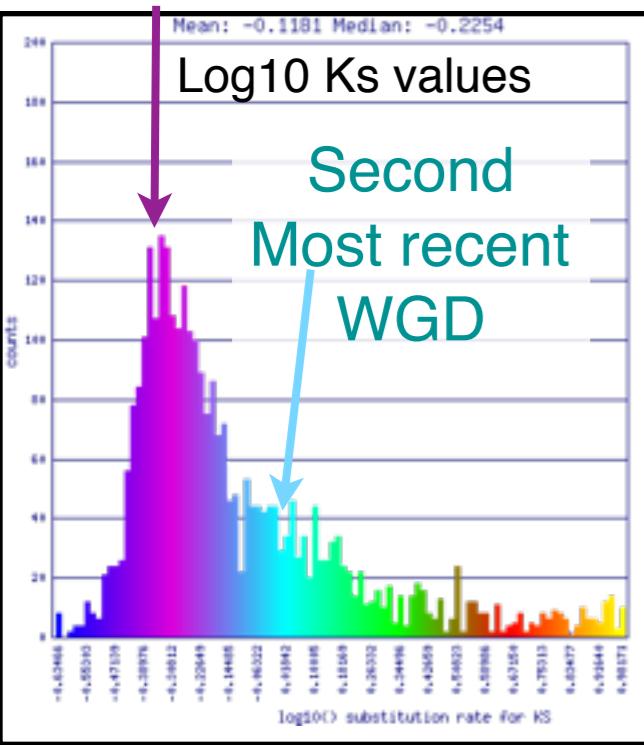
x-axis: *Utricularia gibba* (v4.1)

CoGe SynMap: <http://genomevolution.org/r/6lib>

Evidence for 2xTetraploidy

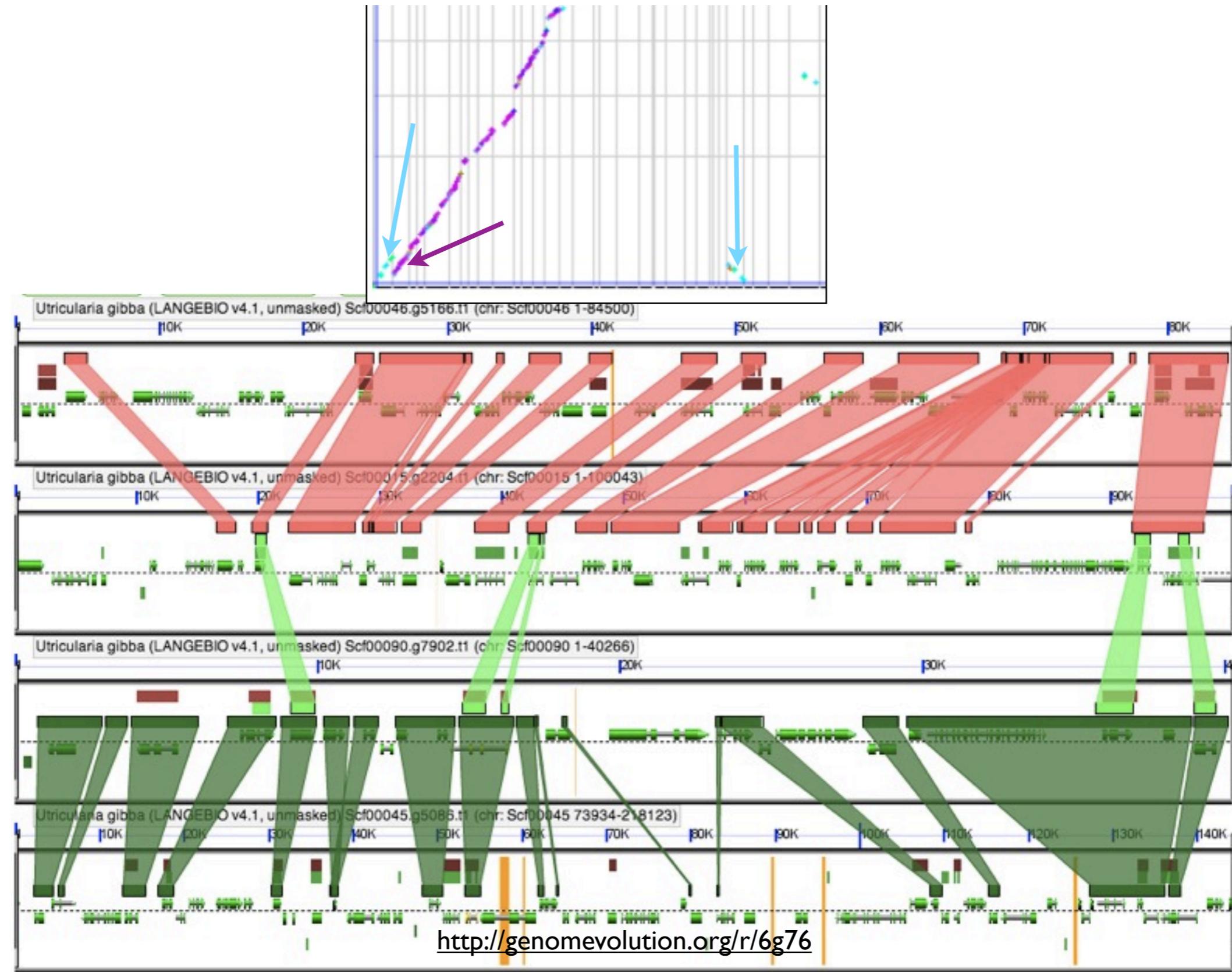
Utricularia Self-Self Syntenic Dotplot: **Synonymous Substitutions (ks)**

Most recent WGD



Evidence for 2xWDG

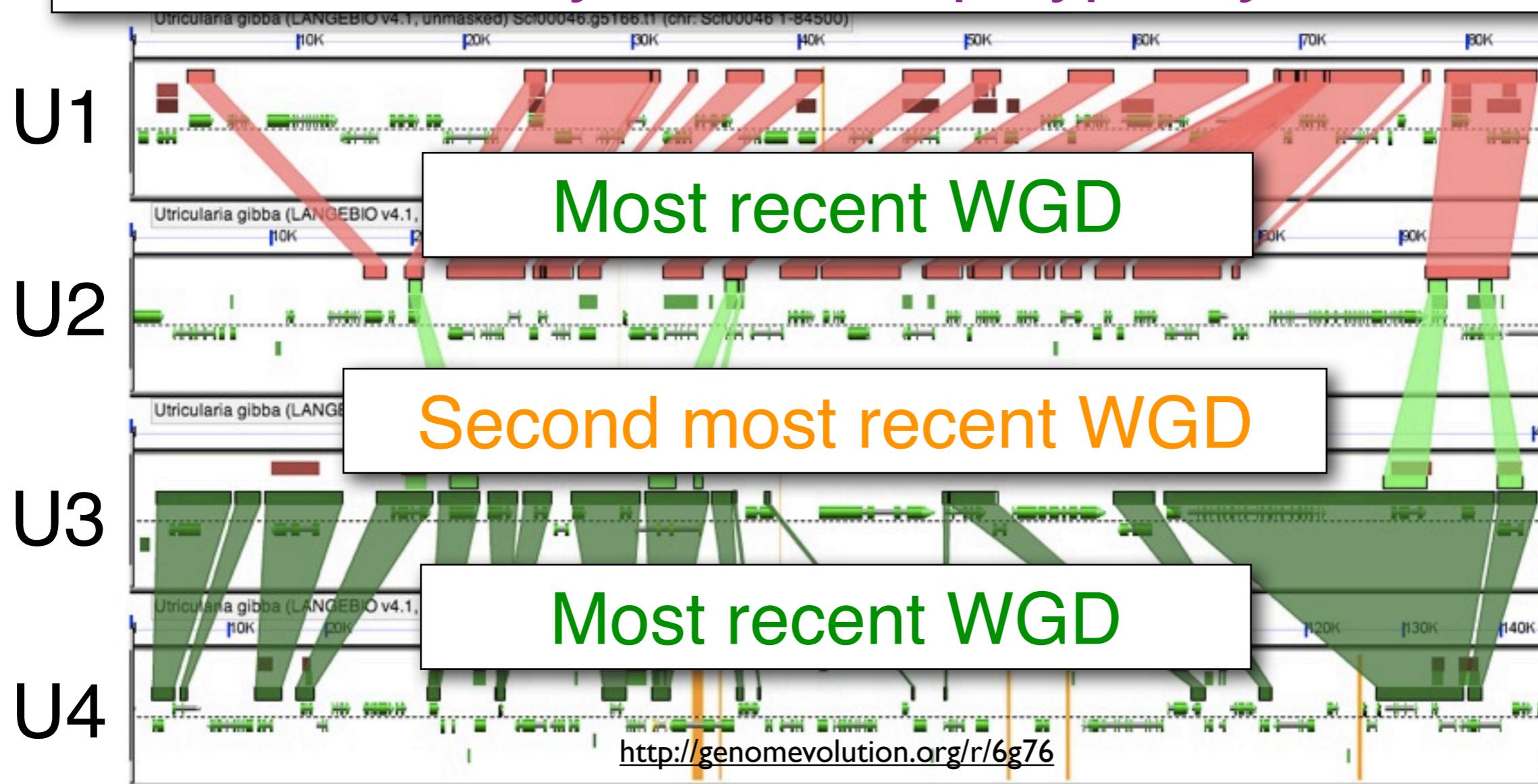
Utricularia Microsynteny Analysis



Evidence for 2xWGD

Signal of intragenomic synteny degrades over time through diploidization process: fractionation (deletion of homeologous genes)

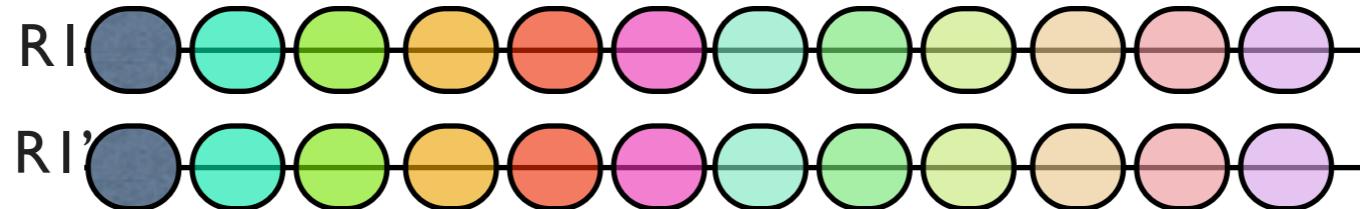
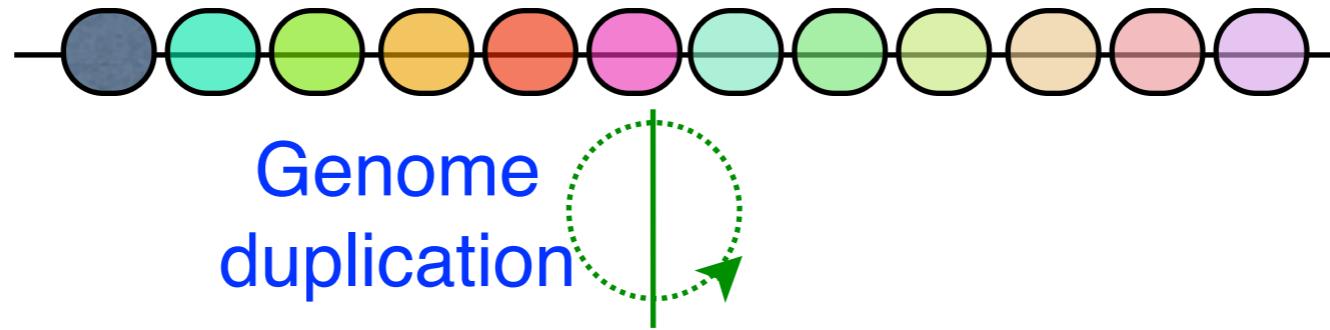
Exacerbated by additional polyploidy events



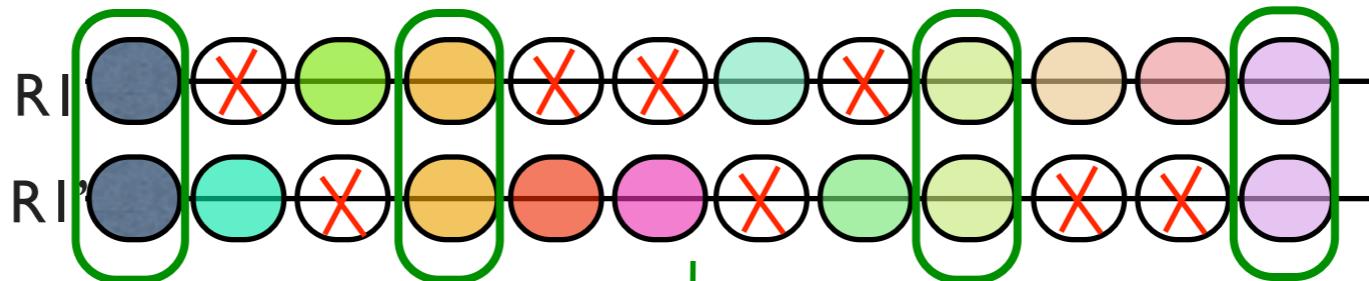
Fractionation and diploidization:

(Importance of outgroups)

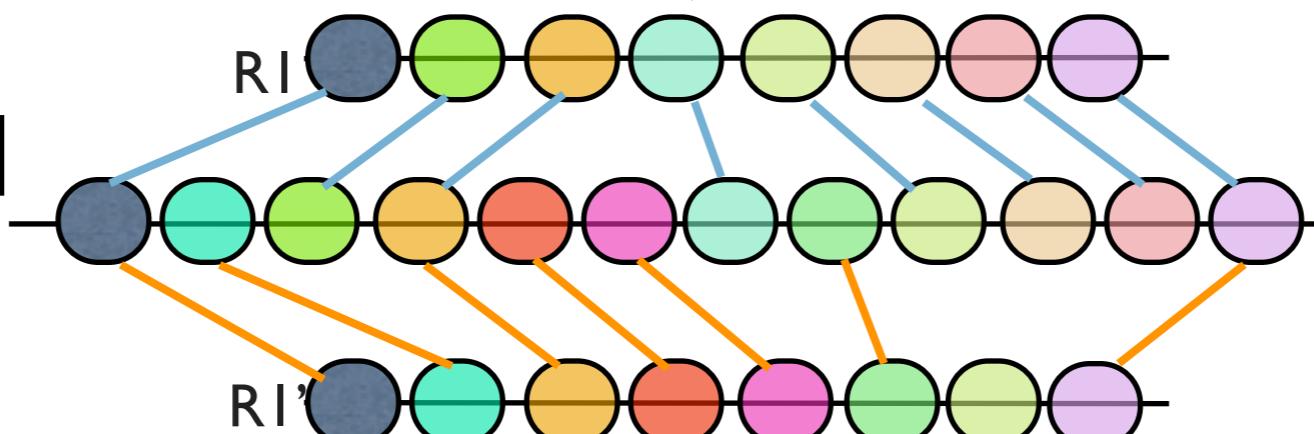
Ancestor



Gene Loss / Fractionation



Syntelogs

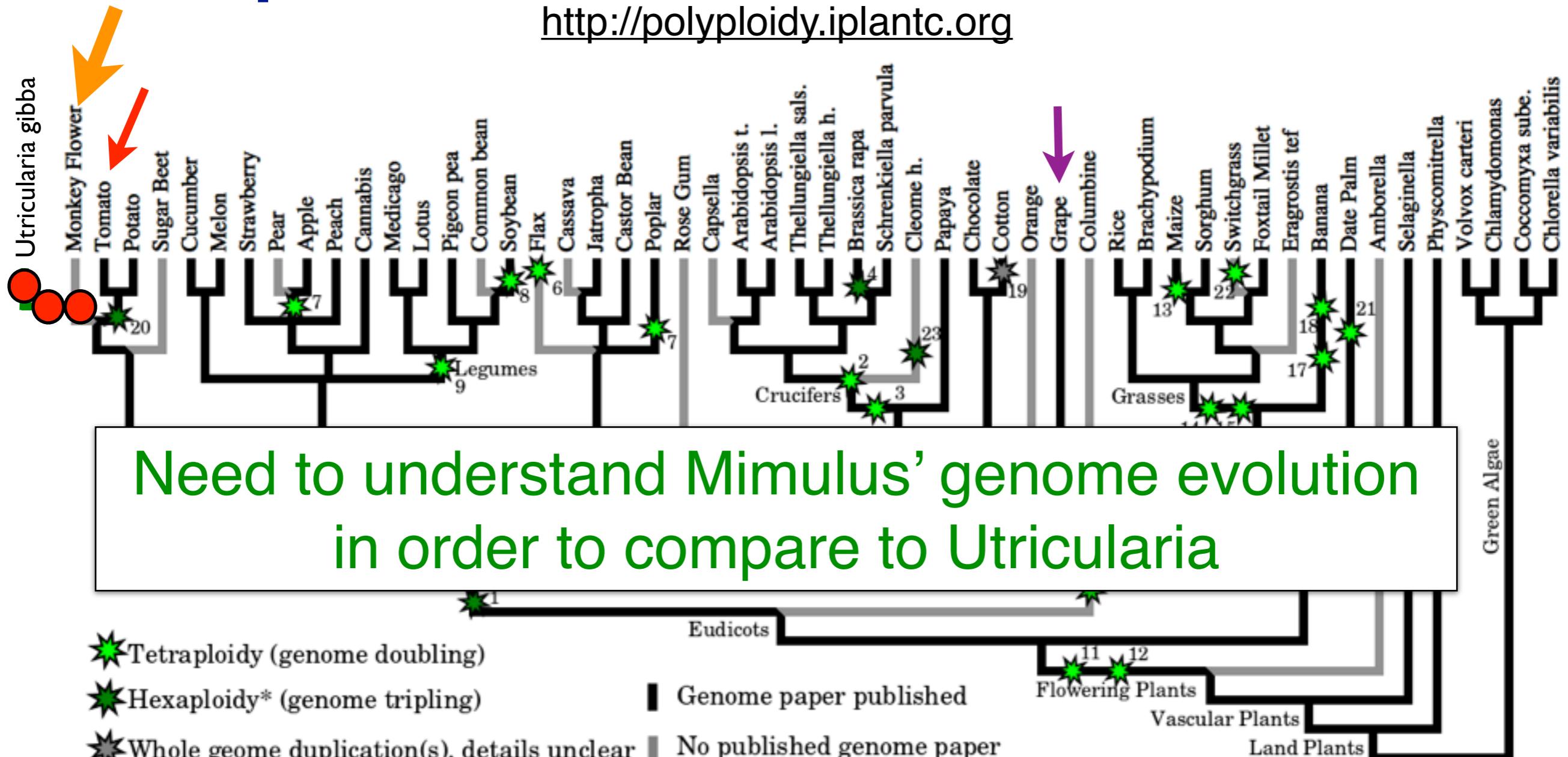


Unduplicated
Outgroup

Intercalated Colinear Genes

Sequenced Plant Genomes

<http://polyploidy.iplantc.org>



Need to understand *Mimulus*' genome evolution
in order to compare to *Utricularia*

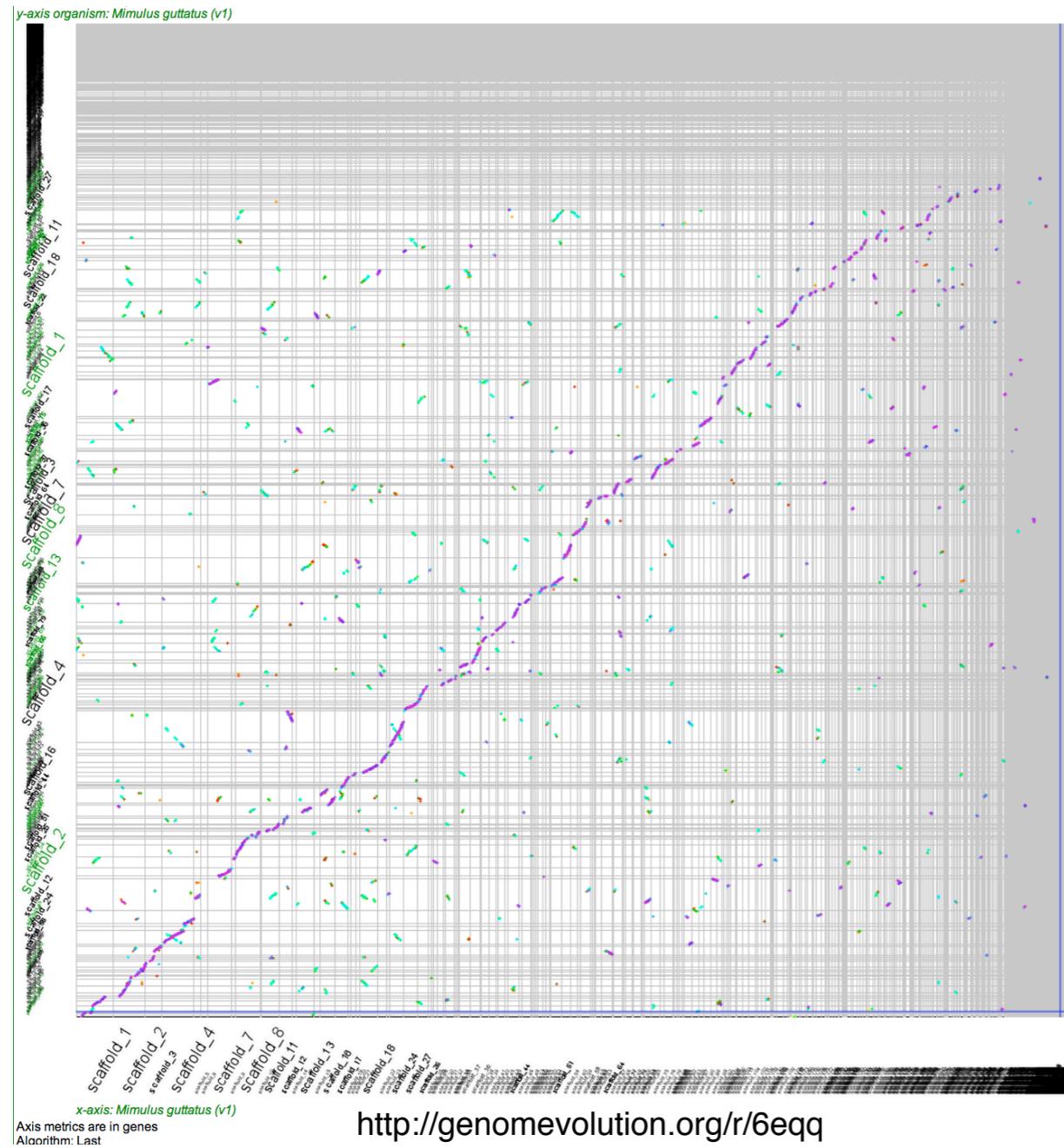
Mimulus is closest, but under-characterized

Tomato is well characterized, but has a WGT

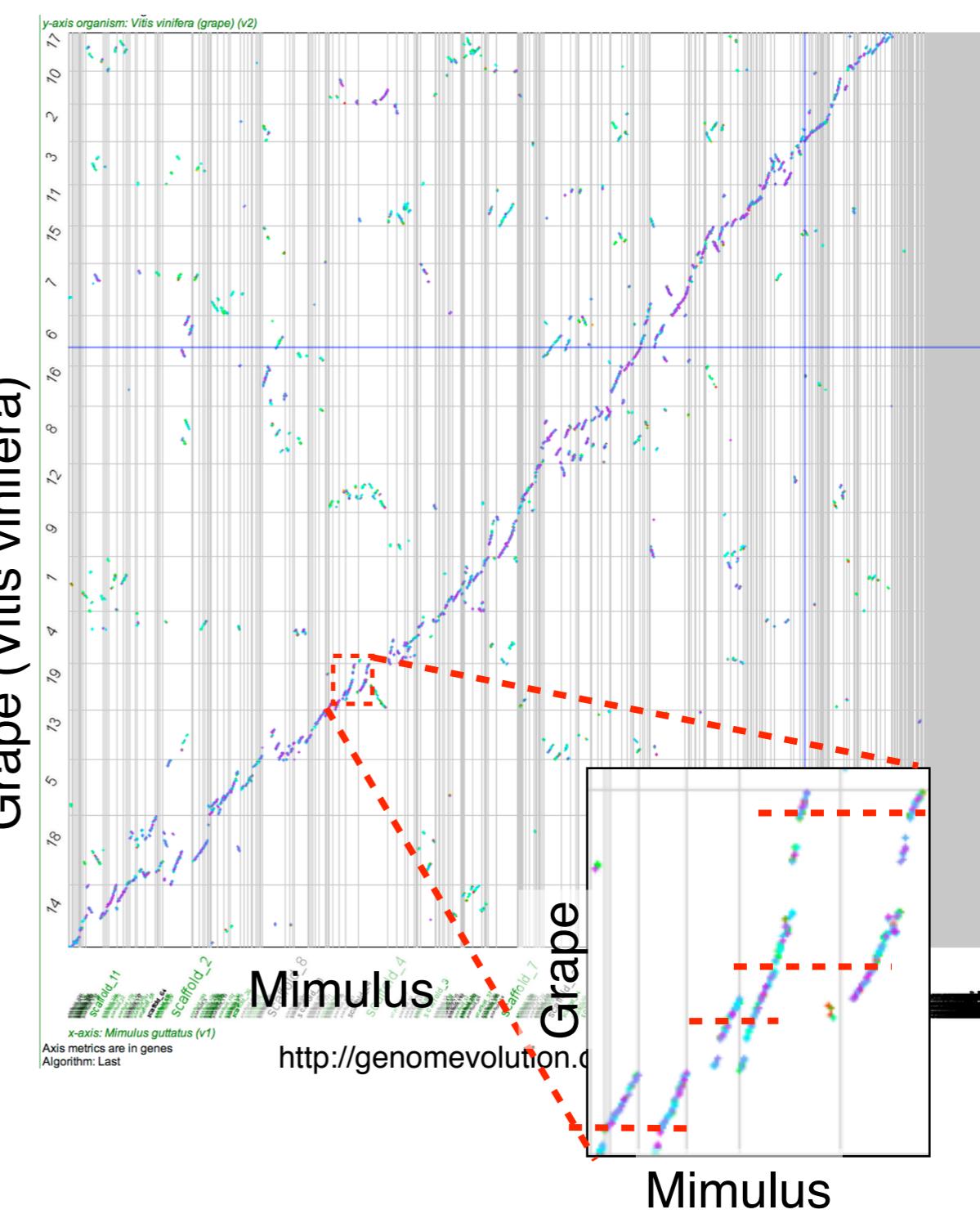
Grape is the de facto eurosid outgroup comparator

Mimulus has a WGD

Self-self Mimulus

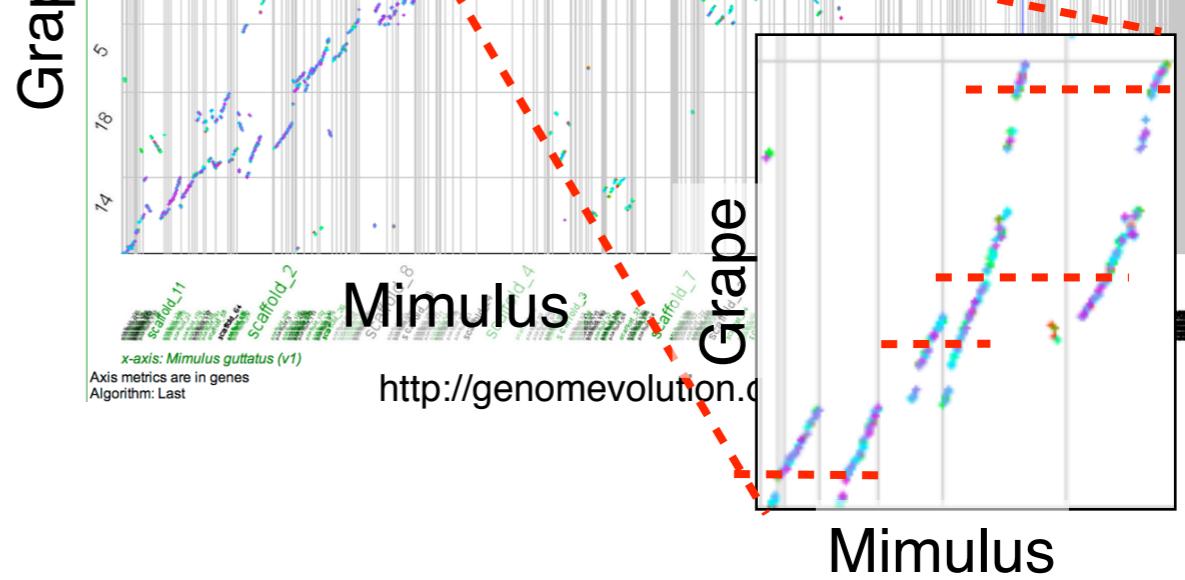
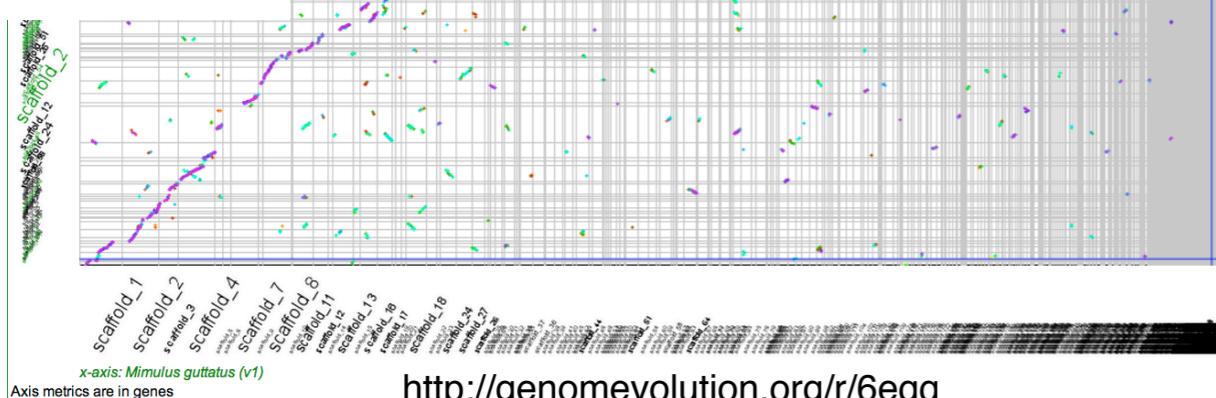
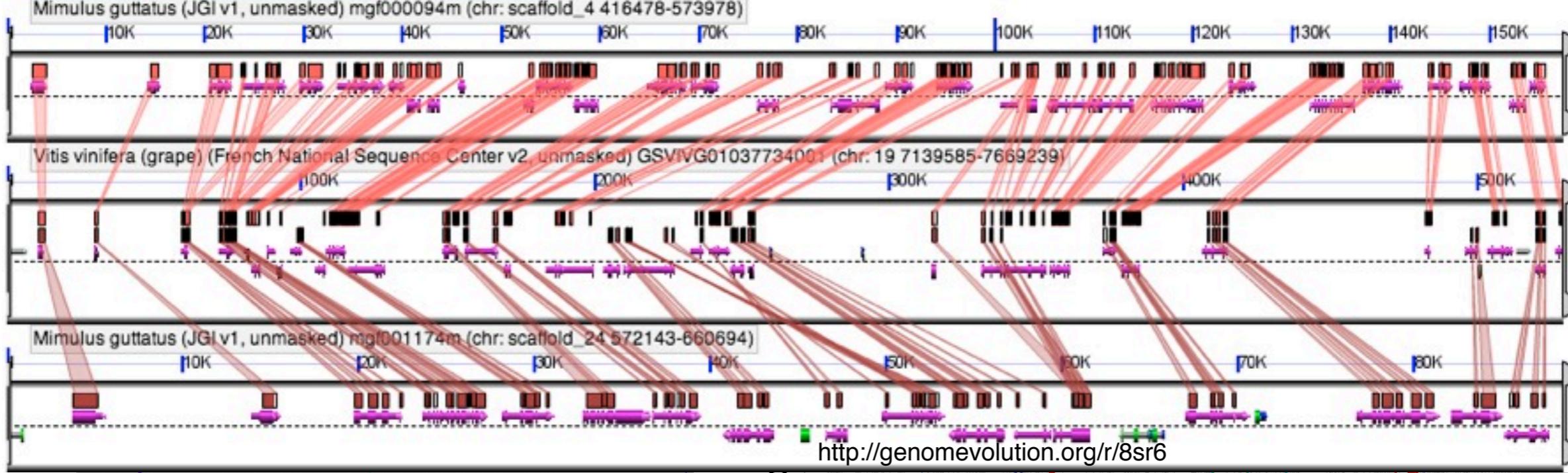
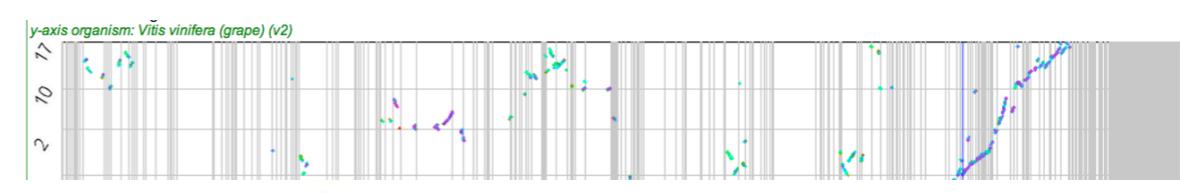


Mimulus v. Grape



Mimulus has a WGD

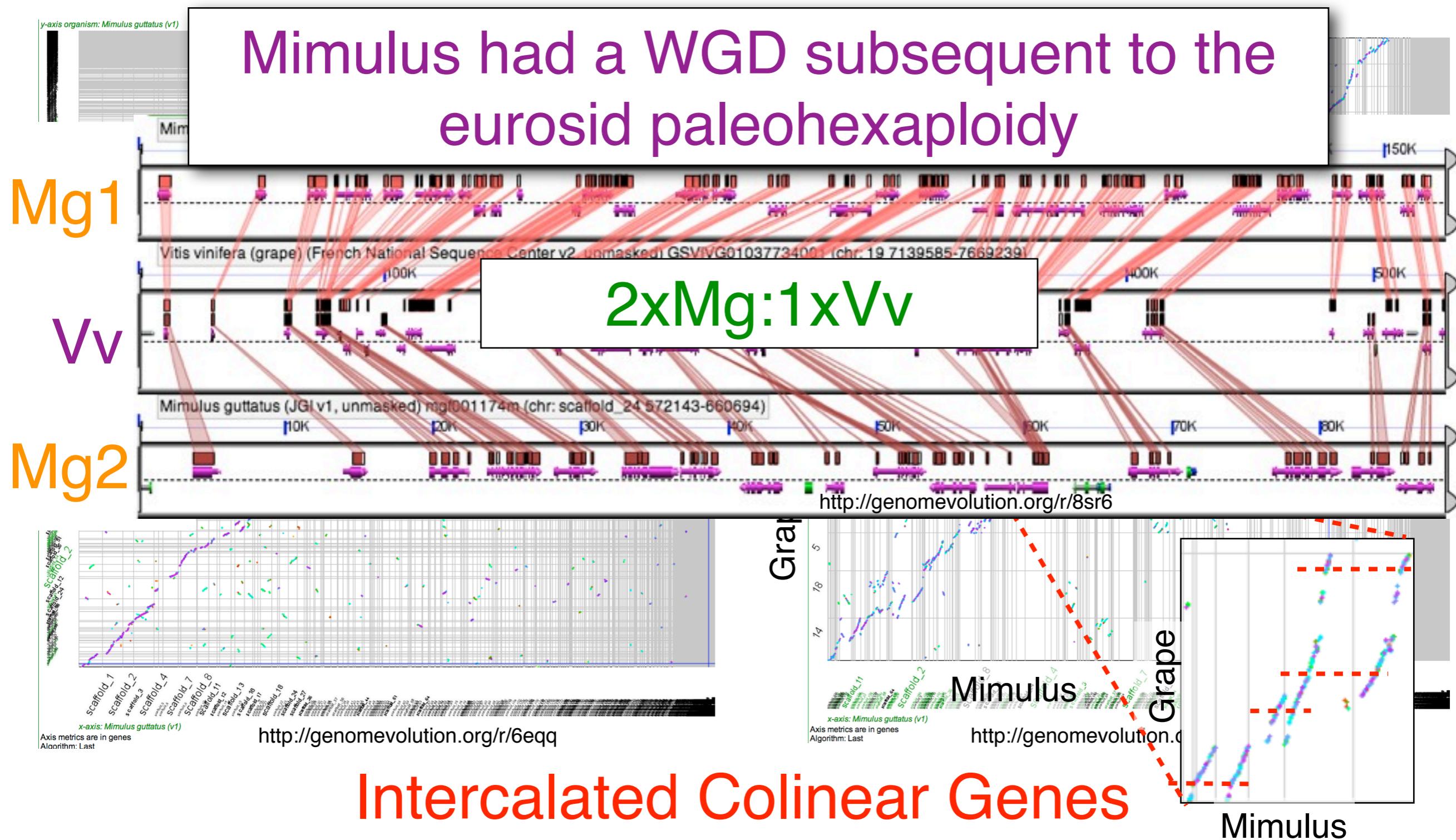
Self-self Mimulus



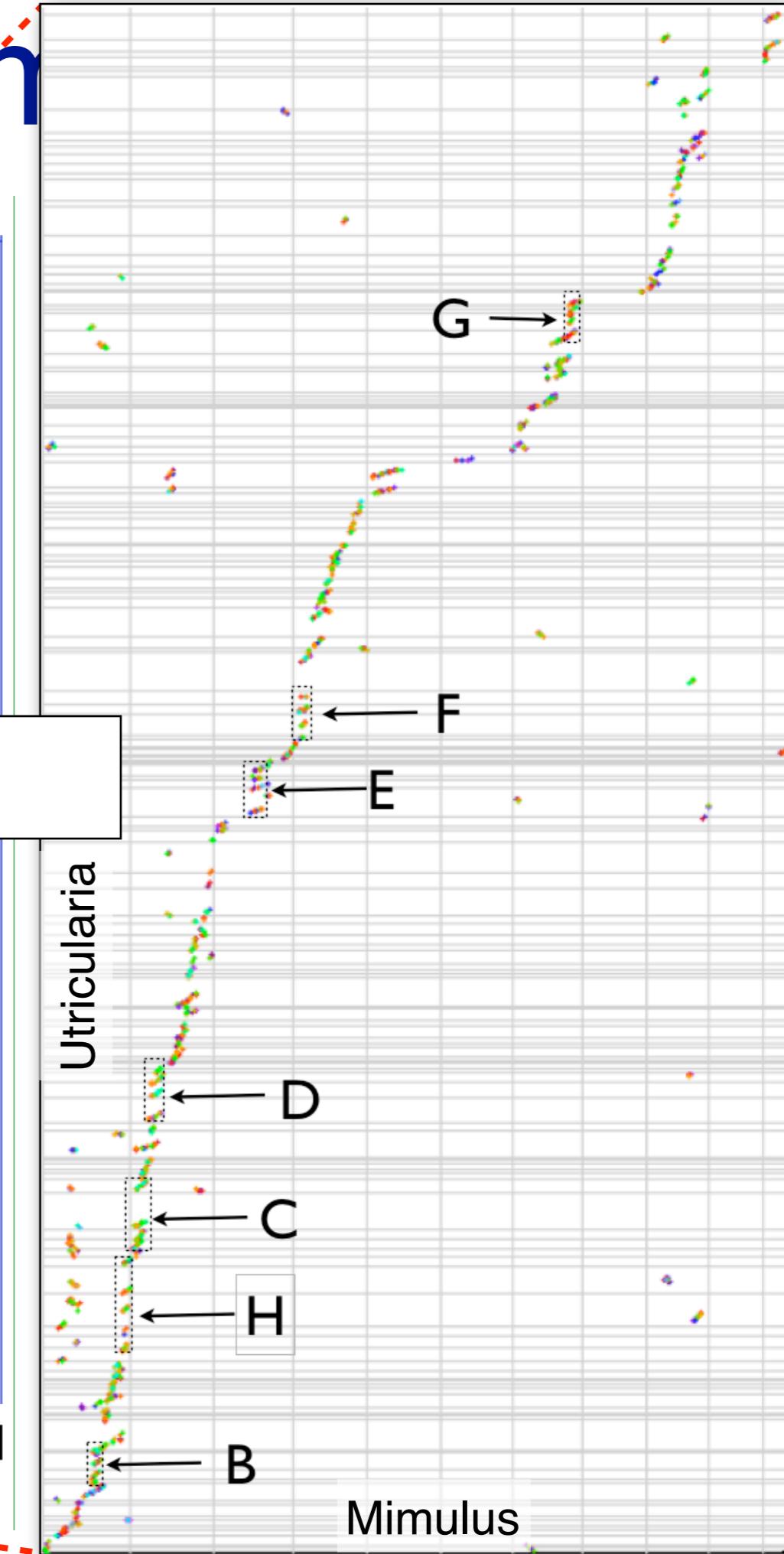
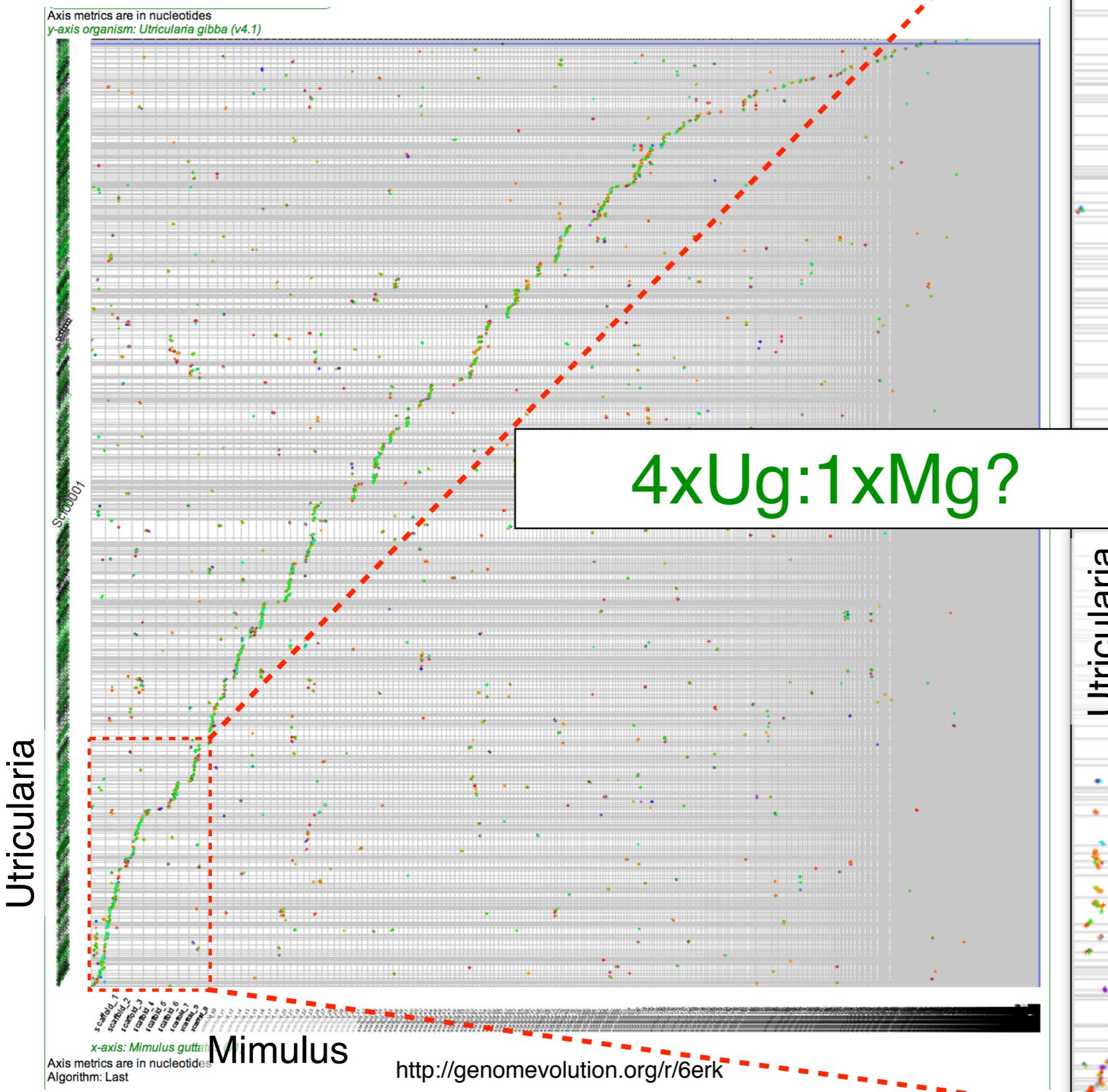
Mimulus has a WGD

Self-self Mimulus

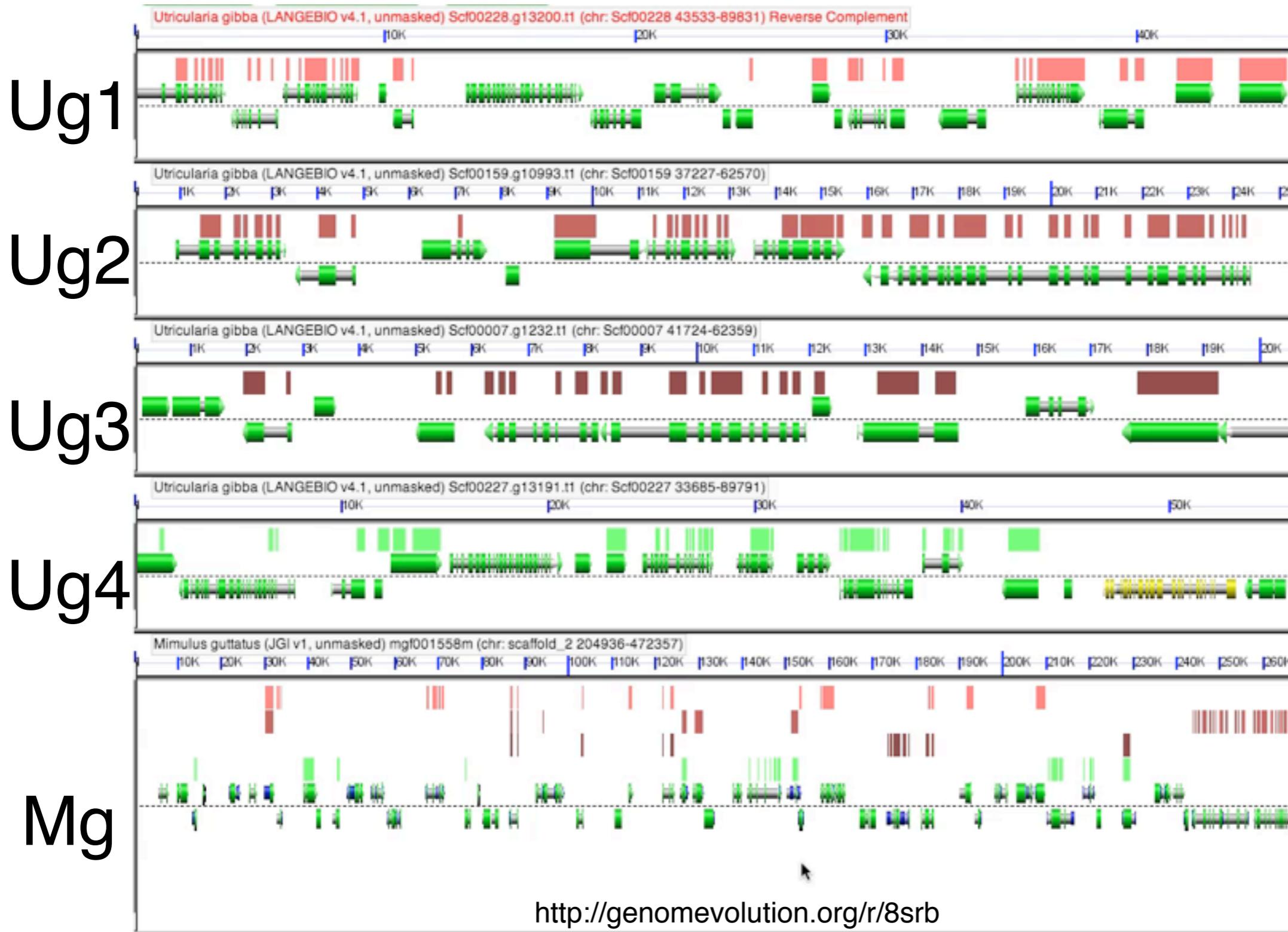
Mimulus v. Grape



Utricularia v. Min

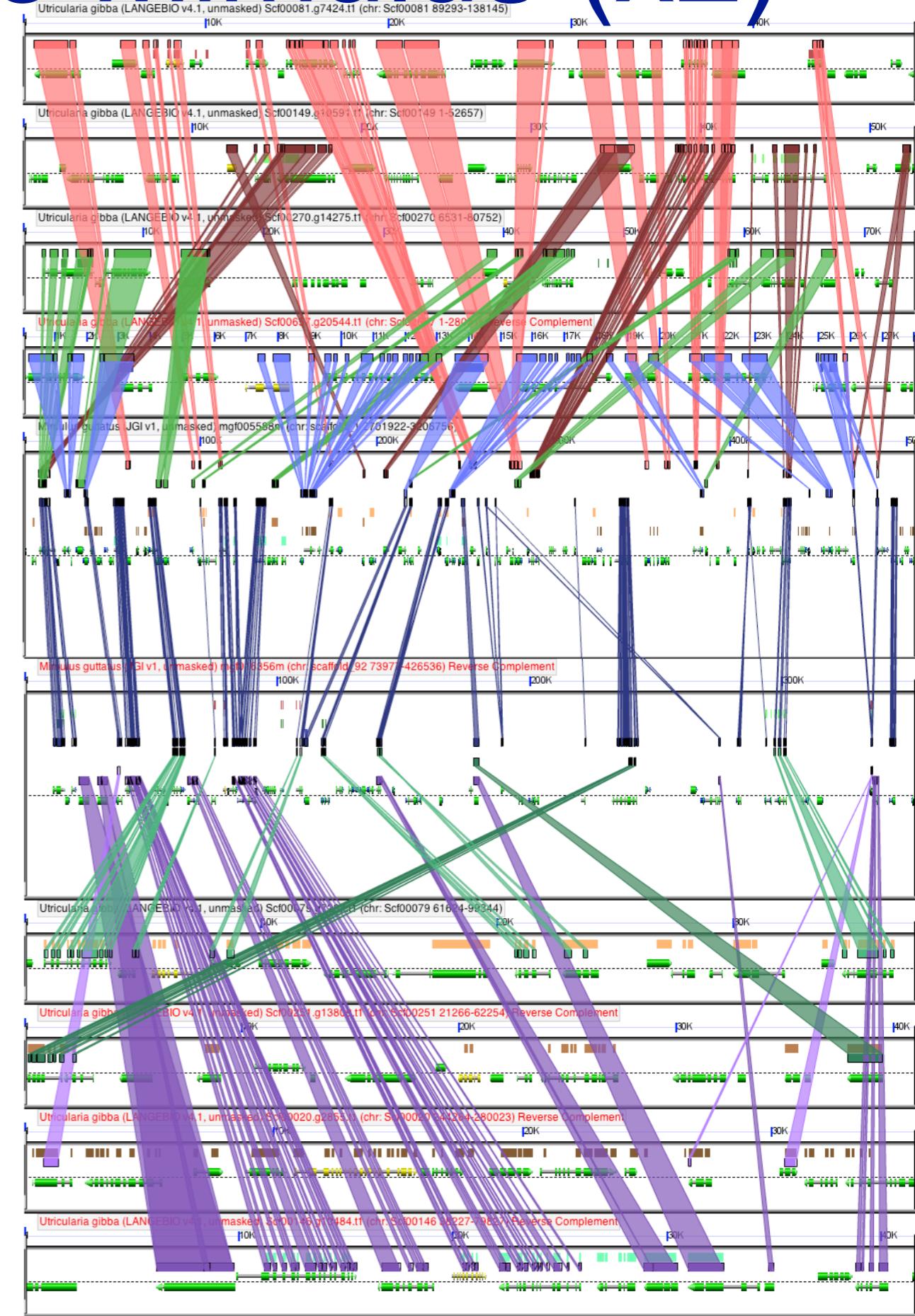
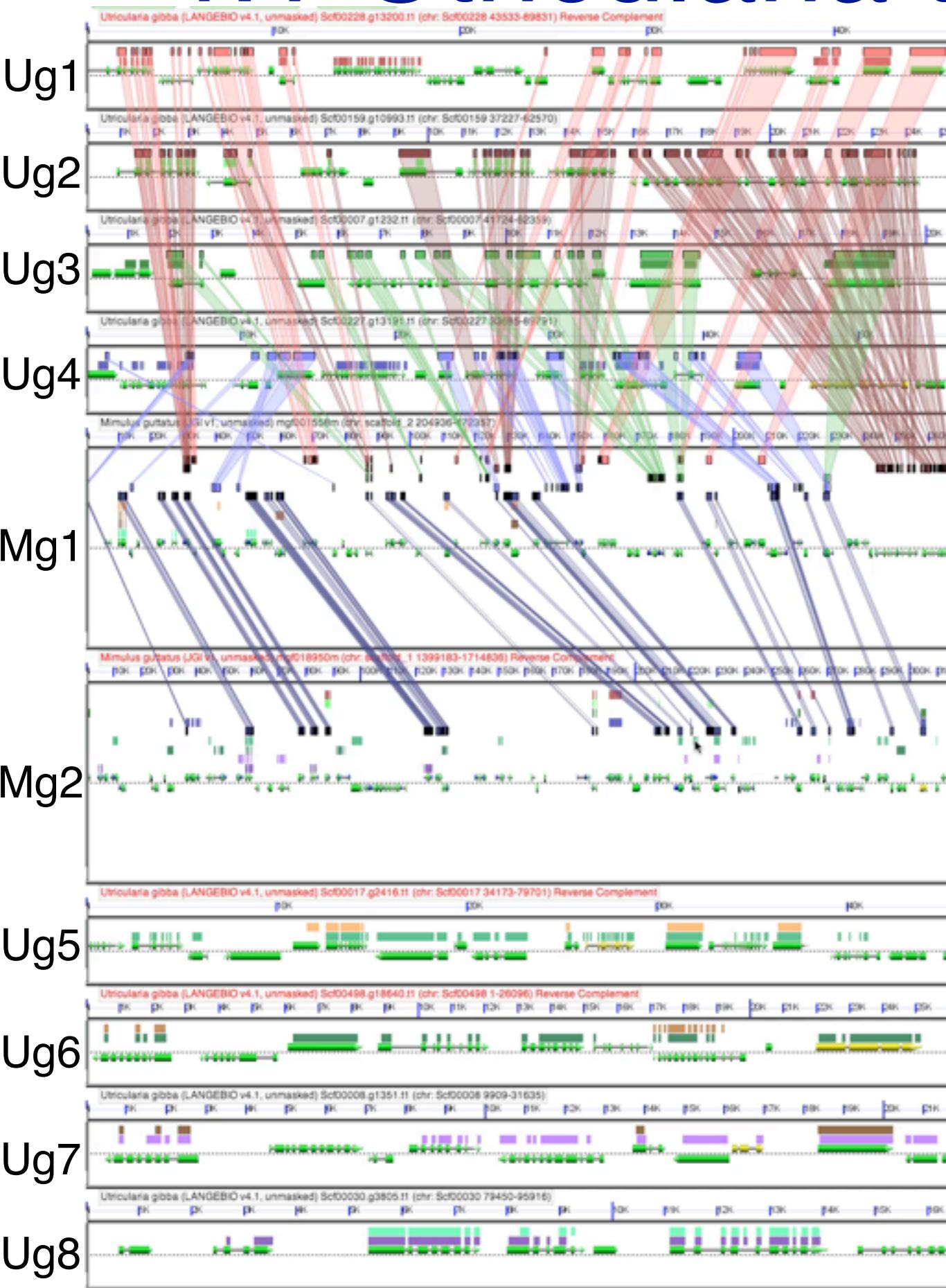


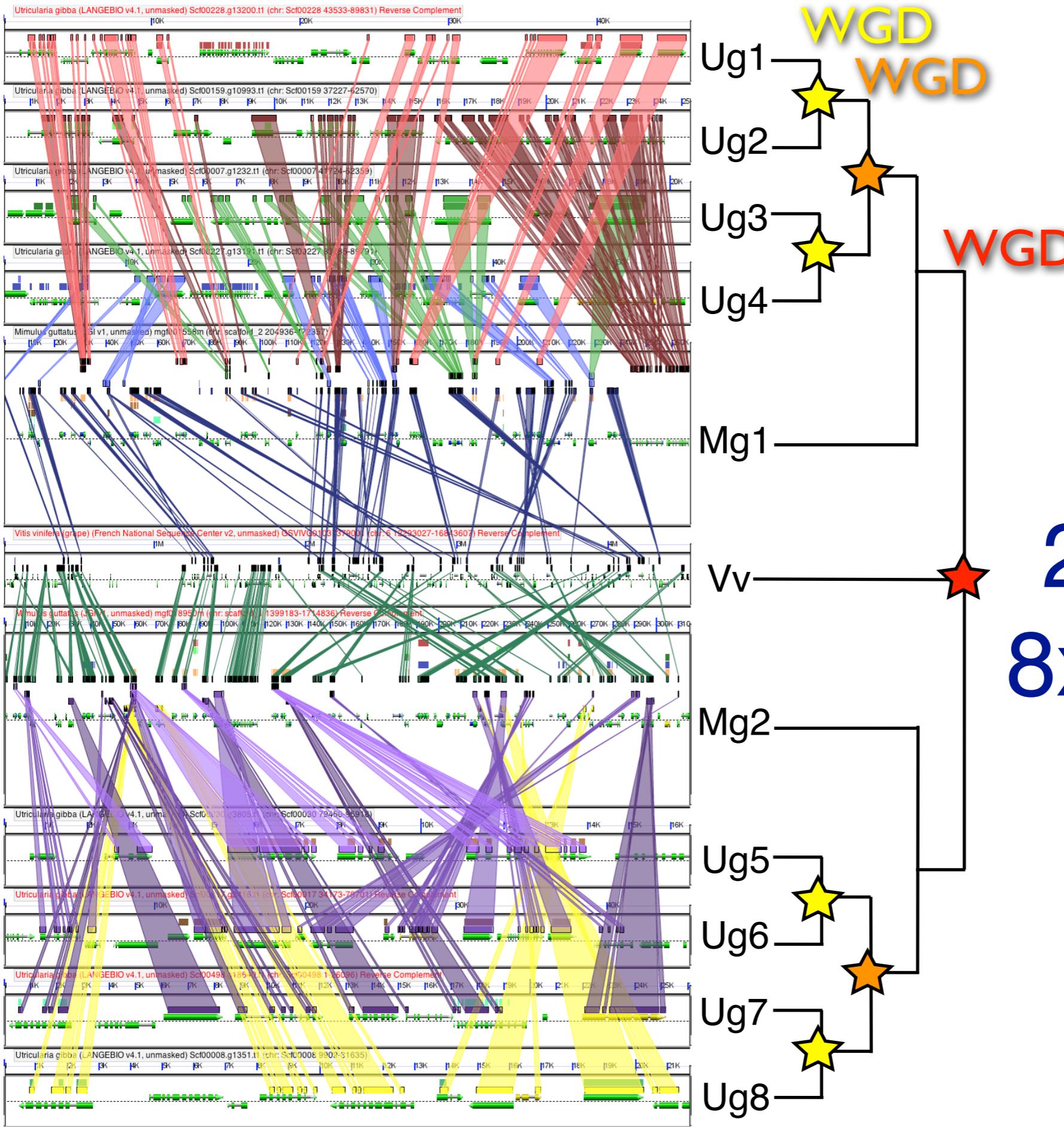
4:1 Utricularia to Mimulus



Intercalated Colinear Genes

4:1 Utricularia to Mimulus (x2)





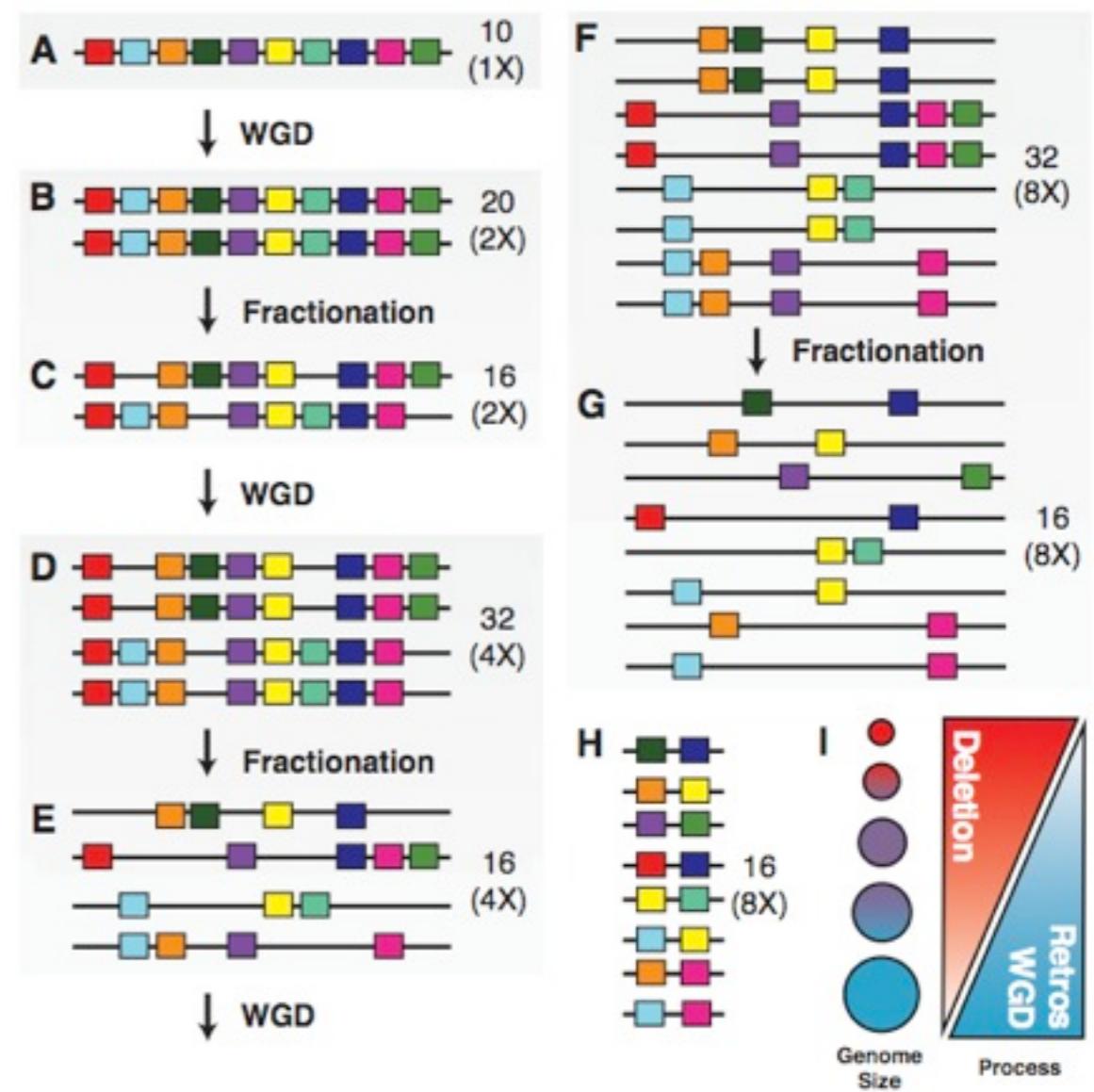
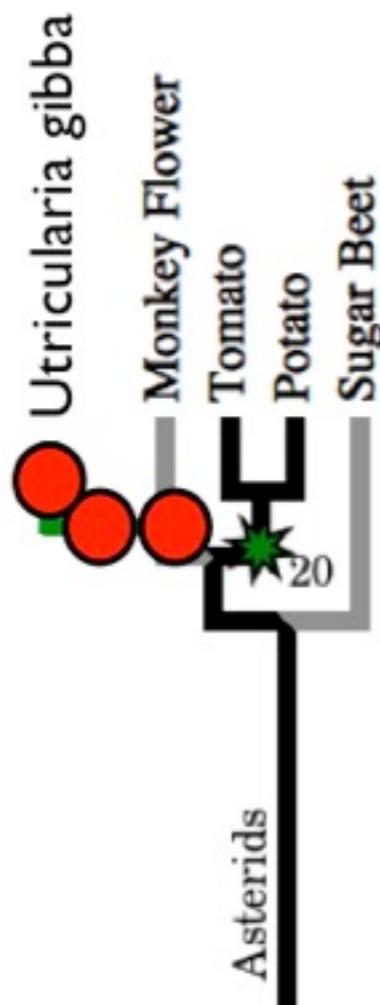
1x Grape
2x Mimulus
8x Utricularia

Conclusions

Utricularia has had three sequential tetraploidy events (**8x**) subsequent to the Eudicot paleohexaploidy, despite having a **small(est) plant genome**

Utricularia's oldest WGD is **likely shared with Mimulus**; (independent of the Tomato WGT)

Genome Size is a function of genome expansion and contraction mechanisms



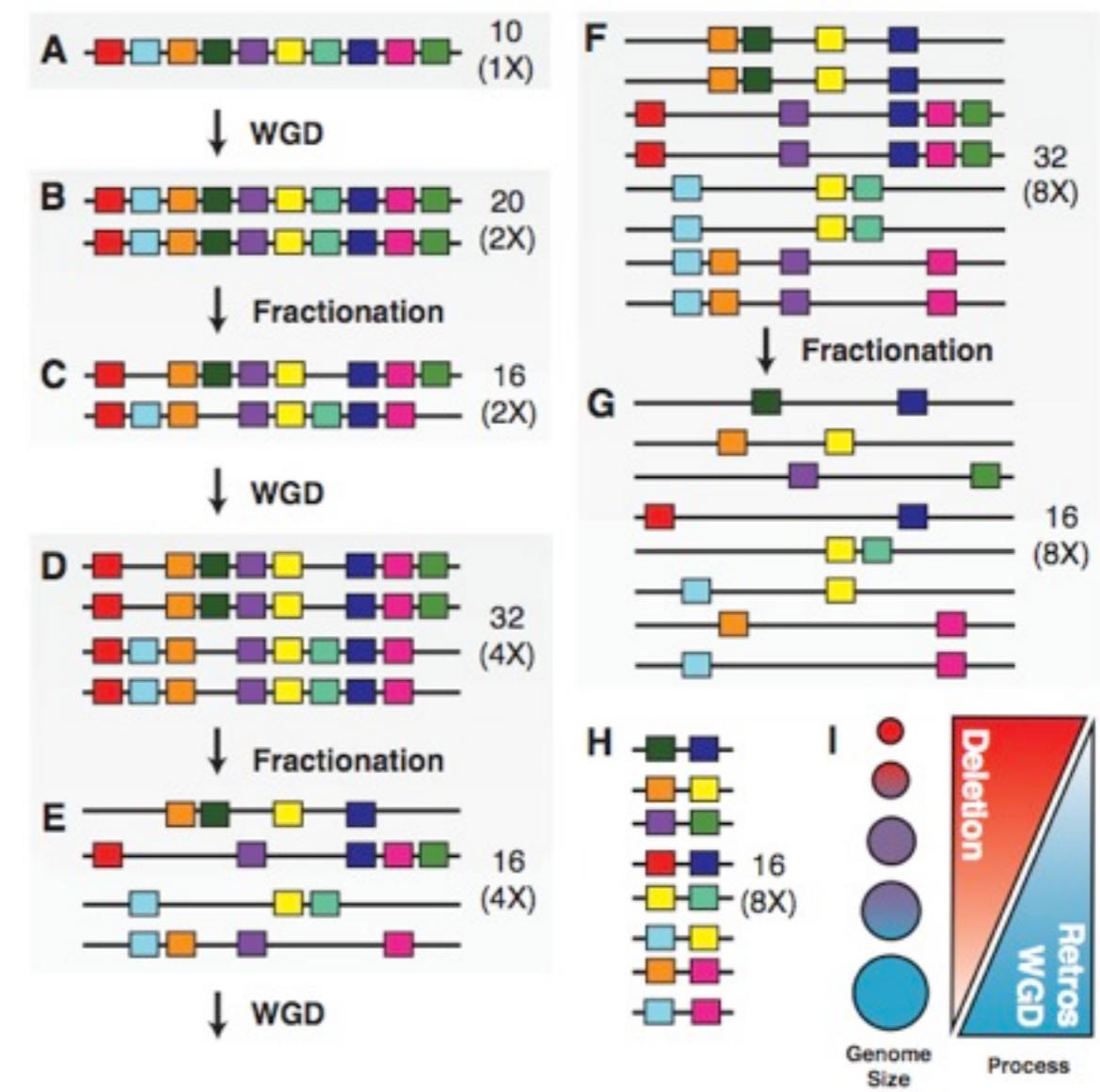
Conclusions

Utricularia has had three sequential tetraploidy events (**8x**) subsequent to the Eudicot paleohexaploidy, despite having a **small(est) plant genome**

Utricularia's oldest WGD is **likely shared with Mimulus**; (independent of the Tomato WGT)

Genome Size is a function of genome expansion and contraction mechanisms

Genus	Species	1C (Mbp)	Original Reference	Paper
Utricularia	gibba	88	Greilhuber et al., 2006 (Ref. 535)	2011
Utricularia	blanchetii	135	Greilhuber et al., 2006 (Ref. 535)	2011
Utricularia	parthenopipes	140	Greilhuber et al., 2006 (Ref. 535)	2011
Utricularia	quelchii	157	Greilhuber et al., 2006 (Ref. 535)	2011
Utricularia	praelonga	158	Greilhuber et al., 2006 (Ref. 535)	2011
Utricularia	australis	175	Greilhuber et al., 2006 (Ref. 535)	2011
Utricularia	microcalyx	214	Greilhuber et al., 2006 (Ref. 535)	2011
Utricularia	pubescens	216	Greilhuber et al., 2006 (Ref. 535)	2011
Utricularia	humboldtii	232	Greilhuber et al., 2006 (Ref. 535)	2011
Utricularia	sandersonii	235	Greilhuber et al., 2006 (Ref. 535)	2011
Utricularia	subulata	247	Greilhuber et al., 2006 (Ref. 535)	2011
Utricularia	livida	252	Greilhuber et al., 2006 (Ref. 535)	2011
Utricularia	reniformis	328	Greilhuber et al., 2006 (Ref. 535)	2011
Utricularia	prehensilis	401	Greilhuber et al., 2006 (Ref. 535)	2011



RBG Kew DNA C-values query results

Thanks

Download this presentation: <http://genomevolution.org/r/8t6y>

Utricularia gibba sequencing and analysis team:

LETTER

nature

OPEN

doi:10.1038/nature12132

Architecture and evolution of a minute plant genome

Enrique Ibarra-Laclette¹, Eric Lyons², Gustavo Hernández-Guzmán^{1,3}, Claudia Anahí Pérez-Torres¹, Lorenzo Carretero-Paulet⁴, Tien-Hao Chang⁴, Tianying Lan^{4,5}, Andreanna J. Welch⁴, María Jazmín Abraham Juárez⁶, June Simpson⁶, Araceli Fernández-Cortés¹, Mario Arteaga-Vázquez⁷, Elsa Góngora-Castillo⁸, Gustavo Acevedo-Hernández⁹, Stephan C. Schuster^{10,11}, Heinz Himmelbauer^{12,13}, André E. Minoche^{12,13,14}, Sen Xu¹⁵, Michael Lynch¹⁵, Araceli Oropeza-Aburto¹, Sergio Alan Cervantes-Pérez¹, María de Jesús Ortega-Estrada¹, Jacob Israel Cervantes-Luevano¹, Todd P. Michael¹⁶, Todd Mockler¹⁷, Douglas Bryant¹⁷, Alfredo Herrera-Estrella¹, Victor A. Albert⁴ & Luis Herrera-Estrella¹

CoGe Team:

Matt Bomhoff, Evan Briones, Haibao Tang

Comparative Genomics Collaborators:

Haibao Tang: SynMap; SynFind

James Schnable: Plant polyploidy



iPlant Collaborative:
Many, many people!

